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The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

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Date of Sailing.	STEAMERS.	TONS.	CONNECTING AT ADEN WITH	TONS
Saturday 6-30 P.M. 1908.				
8th Feb.	CALEDONIA	7558	VICTORIA	6322
15th "	ORIENTAL	9294		
22nd "	MACEDONIA	10512		
29th "	ARCADIA	8902		
7th Mar.	CALEDONIA	7558	BRITANNIA	6326
14th "	ARABIA	7903		
21st "	CALEDONIA	7558	MOOLTAN	9621
28th "	PERSIA	7961		
4th Apr.	MARMORA	10509		
11th "	EGYPT	7912		
18th "	CALEDONIA	7558	MOLDAVIA	9600
25th "	MACEDONIA	10512		
2nd May	ORIENTAL	9294	HIMALAYA	6926
9th "	CALEDONIA	7558		
16th "	ORIENTAL	9294	MONGOLIA	9909
23rd "	ARABIA	7903		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

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The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan ad Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

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W. C. SYMES,
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Bombay, 26th September 1907.

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TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Vercon	20th Feb. 1908.
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	19th Mar. "
CALEDONIEN	4,180	Martin	16th Apr. "
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	14th May "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	11th June "
OCEANIEN	4,148	Magnan	9th July. "
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	6th Aug. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for part way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyages by the P. & O. Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	5,686	Boyer	28th Feb. 1908.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	27th Mar. 1908.
OCEANIEN	4,148	Magnan	24th Apr. 1908.

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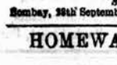

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct for
BRINDISI and VENICE
(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	A. Cogliolo	15th Feb. 1908
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	R. Cucchi	15th Mar. 1908
D. BALDUINO	4,380	A. Cogliolo	15th Apl 1908

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Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
*CAPRI	6,000	D. Pedone	17th Feb. 1908.
LEVANZO	5,200	G. Bobito	17th March. "
CAFFARO	6,000	D. Pedone	17th April "

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to PENANG Rs. 140, to to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through Bills of Lading for Mediterranean Black Sea and American Ports issued.

*The S. S. Capri, leaving on 17th February, will call at Penang taking Cargo and Passengers.

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AGENT.
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FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route.—Via.
LINGA	2,170	Mon. 10th Feb.	11 a. m.	P. D. & O.*
DUMRA	1,700	Thur. 13th Feb.	9 a. m.	Gutch Mandvie.
LHASA	2,170	Frid. 7th Feb.	7 a. m.	(direct).

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Gutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,200 tons, on MONDAY, 10th Feb., calling at Mangrole, Dwarka, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 13th Feb., calling (for Malia and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera and Koweit also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR ADEN AND EAST AFRICA.

S. S. "MADURA," 1,956 tons, sailing on or about 12th February calling at Aden, Mombasa, Zanzibar.

FOR CALCUTTA AND COAST PORTS.

S. S. "MAZAGON" 4,907 tons, sailing on or about 15th Feb.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
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6th February, 1908.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN

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DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers	Tons	Captain.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	4140	F. Mosca	16th Feb. 1908
KORRBER	5301	A. Forcati	1st March 1908.
BOHEMIA	4283	M. Dabscvich	16th March 1908
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st April 1908
IMPERATOR	4140	P. Mosca	16th April 1908
KORRBER	5301	A. Forcati	1st May 1908
BOHEMIA	4283	M. Dabcovich	16th May 1908
AFRICA	4596	P. Badessich	1st June 1908.

ORDINARY LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about.
* † NIPPON	6317	F. Tarabocchia	25th Feb. 1908,
* † AUSTRIA	7588	G. Gillhuber	26th Mar. 1908.
* † VORWAERTS	3990	B. Belnars	24th Apr. 1908.
† PERSIA	5895	P. Cragliotto	25th May 1908.

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

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Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about
PERSIA	5895	P. Cragliotto	24th Feb. 1908

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Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about
KANZLER	3000	Michelsen	3rd Feb. 1908
* KAISER	2724	Von Holdt	14th "
‡ GOUVERNEUR	3336	Burnvister	24th "
* REICHSTAG	2085	Ihle	6th March

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, and DURBAN.

* Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports,

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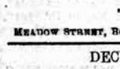

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	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.	Single. Rs.	Return Rs.
Suez	440	704	353	595	185	495
Port Said	468	748	374	561	352	528
Marseilles Genoa or Naples	578	935	495	770	439	649
Liverpool	606	990	517	793	462	704
London overland via Genoa or Marseilles returning via Marseilles or Naples	653	*1135	570	*990	489	809
Karachi	44	"	40	"	33	"

* Returning journey from Liverpool, by Sea. Rs. 1,038, Rs. 845 and Rs. 731, respectively.

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SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	Tons.	Due Bombay	Leave Bombay.	Leave Karachi.	Due Liverpool.
†*City of Calcutta	..	7 Feb.	10 Mar.	..	1 April
‡*City of London	..	18 "	24 "	..	15 "
†*City of Glasgow	..	19 Mar.	21 April	..	13 May

SAILINGS FROM KARACHI FOR MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

† City of Madras	..	16 Jan.	22 Jan.	12 Feb.	8 Mar
‡ City of Karachi	..	24 Feb.	8 Mar.	18 Mar.	10 Apr.
§ Trafford Hall	..	5 Mar.	15 Mar.	1 Apr.	24 "
† Fromo	..	....	....	22 Apr.	16 May
‡* City of Benares	..	12 Apr.	19 Apr.	6 May.	28 "

Steamers marked ** constitute the Homeward Express Service. a First Class passenger steamers carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

† Cargo boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess and having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.

‡ Steamers which have both first and second class accommodation.

‡** Sails for Havre landing passengers at Plymouth.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £600,000
RESERVE FUND £600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay.	Tuticorin.	Camp Aden.
Madras.	Chittagong.	Steamer Point-Aden.
Karachi.	Rangoon.	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore.	Mandalay.	Mombasa.
Lahore.	Colombo.	Nairobi.
Amritsar.	Kandy.	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager*.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 170,000

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,475,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.	Medan, Deli (Sumatra).	Foochow.
Bombay.	Singapore.	Saigon.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Calcutta.	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Madras.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Rangoon.	Soumbaya.	Yokohama.
Colombo	Manilla.	Kobe.
Penang.	Cebu (Philippines).	New York.
Thalping (Perak).	Hongkong.	
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

J. GRIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. Agent.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED....Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP .... " 50,00,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
SIR J. COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Kt. (Messrs Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
DORABJI JAMSETJI TATA, Esq., (of Messrs. Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq. (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., (Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
NOORDIN EBRAHIM NOORDIN, Esq., (Messrs. Noordin Ebrahim Noordin and Co.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 2 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS,

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS,

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES AT KARACHI, RAWALPINDI, MURREE AND SRINAGAR.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon. Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.

COX'S AGENCY Ld., engage Passages and secure best available berths to all parts of the World Free of Charge for Commission.

PASSENGERS met on Arrival and

BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business and a copy of the Balance Sheet will be sent on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

THE YOKOHAMA S

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "CASPIAN" ARRIVED from CARDIFF and LONDON, are hereby REQUESTED to PRESENT THEIR BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE and to take delivery of their respective Goods from the Prince's Dock, D. Shed.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Macfadyen, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the Landing Sheds. After removal from the Landing Sheds the Steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.

All claims must be presented for settlement within a fortnight of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

JAMES MACKINTOSH & CO.,
Agents.

Armenian Lane,
Bombay, 4th February, 1908.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE Bank will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 13th instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BOMBAY, 6TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY by contract at Bombay of LABOUR for making and repairing SAILS, AWNINGS, &c., for one year during 1908-1909, will be received at the R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, up to 2 P.M. of 27th February, 1908. For particulars see Notice No. 435 in "Bombay Government Gazette" of 30th January, 1908, or apply to THE DIRECTOR of the Royal Indian Marine.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE Public are advised that a REVISED TIME TABLE of the LOCAL and SUBURBAN TRAINS, between COLABA and VIRAR will be introduced with effect from MONDAY, the 10th February, 1908.

Detailed Timings may be ascertained from the Sheet Time Tables exhibited at Stations.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager.

GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER'S OFFICE,
BOMBAY, 3RD FEBRUARY, 1908.

BOMBAY HORSE SHOW, 1908.

NOTICE.

EXHIBITORS are reminded that FIRST ENTRIES CLOSE on the 8th and FINAL ENTRIES on the 11th instant.

O. SYMONS,
HONORARY SECRETARY.

THE 6TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

BOMBAY DOG SHOW, 1908.

SPECIAL PRIZES (Silver Cups valued at rupees thirty each) will be given by the Committee for the following classes :—

I. Smooth-coated and wire-haired Fox-terrier pups, under twelve months old, born in the country.

II. Irish Terrier Pups, either imported or born in the country and under twelve months.

III. Australian Terriers (Dogs and Bitches), entered in one Class.

For the above Classes an Entry fee of rupees two should be sent to the Honorary Secretary, Dog Show, by the 12th February, after which date no entries will be received.

DOUGLAS BENNETT,
Hon. Secretary, Bombay Dog Show.

CRAWFORD MARKETS, BOMBAY.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

COUPONS AT REDUCED RATES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND MATHERAN.

THE following COUPON BOOKS at REDUCED RATES are issued at the Office of the Undersigned :—

	Rs.
Book of 24 Coupons (First Class over G. I. P. and First Class over M.S.T.)	106
Book of 15 Coupons (First Class over G. I. P. and First Class over M.S.T.)	66
Book of 24 Coupons (2nd Class over G. I. P. and 2nd Class over M.S.T.)	56
Book of 15 Coupons (2nd Class over G. I. P. and 2nd Class over M.S.T.)	35

For full particulars see Poster Notices exhibited at stations.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager,

BOMBAY, 5TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are INVITED for verifying the stock of STORES of the Bombay Municipality at Chinchpookly, Bellasis Road, and the Sub-depot at Paltan Road, on payment of an honorarium of Rs. 800. The work should be completed in two months, the hours of working being arranged so as to suit the successful applicant and the Store-Keeper, Bombay Municipality. None but those having experience in Stock verification or Stores management or Engineering need apply. Applications should reach the Municipal Commissioner not later than the 20th February, 1908.

W. D. SHEPPARD,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

MUNICIPAL OFFICES,
BOMBAY, 5TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

SANDALWOOD.

ABOUT 2,500 MAUNDS of SANDALWOOD will be SOLD BY TENDER, Teruputur and Denkanikotta, in the Salem District, during March 1908. Prospective Tenderers are requested to address the District Forest Officer, North Salem Dist., Salem, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

D. T. BARRY,
District Forest Officer,
North Salem.

THE STREE BODHE AND SOCIAL PROGRESS JUBILEE.

PROGRAMME OF FESTIVITIES.

MONDAY, 10th February.—Addresses by Ladies (Public),
Lady J. C. Jehangir,
Mrs. Ali Akbar,
Mrs. Sarojini Naidu,
Mrs. Herlekar,
Miss Fyzee,
PRESIDENT.—Mrs. Muir-Mackenzie.

THURSDAY, 13TH FEBRUARY.—Social Gathering at the Town Hall.—9-30 p. m.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glass persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found great boon.

They are self adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SMOKE ONCE
THE INDO-BURMA TOBACCO CO.'S CIGARS
AS A TRIAL.

THE best in the market. Our CIGARS are manufactured from the Finest BURMA TOBACCO LEAVES, and we guarantee our qualities to give perfect satisfaction. A trial will amply testify our assertions. Special terms to large Dealers, Hotels and Clubs. Nos. 1 to 5, Rs. 3, 2-8, 2, 1-8, and 1 per 100 Cigars net Cash, or V.P.P. Postage and packing extra.

Terms moderate.

APPLY—HEAD OFFICE, RANGOON

BRIDGE BOOKS.

	Rs. a.
Foster's Complete Bridge. Together with the Laws. By R. F. Foster, author of "Foster's Bridge Manual," etc., etc.	3 1
The Robertson Rule and Other Bridge Axioms. From "The Higher Grammar of Bridge." By Edmond Robertson and A. Hyde-Wollaston. New Edition, just published, containing the Revised Laws of Bridge	2 0
Every Bridge player will give this book a cordial welcome. It is temperate, lucid and thorough; and marks a great advance upon any book which has yet claimed authority in the Bridge world. Every one who wishes to play the game scientifically should buy and study "Bridge Axioms."—THE TIMES OF INDIA.	
"Saturday" Bridge. Reproduced with revisions from the "Saturday Review." By W. Dalton	4 6
Double Dummy Bridge. By Ernest Bergholt. Being a Systematic course of endings and complete hands, fully illustrating the tactics of the game of Bridge when all your hands are exposed. With the Complete Laws of Bridge, reprinted from the Club Code (1904)... ...	3 1
The Theory and Practice of Bridge. By Ace of Spades	2 8
The Why's and Wherefore's of Bridge. By G. S. Atchison and A. J. G. Lindsell	2 3
A Defence of Bridge. By "Badsworth" ...	0 1
The Laws of Bridge and a Guide to the Game. By "Boax" and How to Play Bridge, by "Badsworth"	2 3
The Bridge Manual. By John Doe. An illustrated practical course of instruction and complete guide to the conventions of the game...	2 10
The Bridge Book: A complete treatise on Bridge. By A. Dunn	2 10
New Ideas on Bridge. By A. Dunn (Junr.) ...	0 12
Bridge Maxims. By R. F. Foster	1 5
Bridge in Brief. By R. F. Foster. An Outline by another hand with additions	0 14
Foster's Bridge. By R. F. Foster. A Complete System of Instruction in the Game	2 3
The Laws and Principles of Bridge. By "Hellespont." Stated and Explained and its Practice illustrated by means of hands played completely through. 5th edition	4 6
Bridge Whist: Why's and Wherefore's. By C. J. Melrose. A Progressive and Clear Method of Explanation and Illustration of the Game. With coloured Illustrations	3 1
Hints on Bridge. By H. A. Roome. By means of Illustrative Hands	0 12
Modern Bridge. By "Slam." With Laws of Bridge	3 1
Bridge Condensed. By Colin Smith	0 12
Bridge. By "Templar." The Club Series ...	0 12
A Manual of Bridge. By "Pontoon." With Revised Rules of the Game	2 0
The Pocket Bridge. By E. Oliver	0 6
The Law of Bridge (Revised 1904). With Cases and Decisions by the Committee of the Portland Club. Edited by W. Dalton, 1907 ...	0 14
A. B. C. of Bridge. By Eleanor A. Tennant ...	0 12
The Bridge Blue Book. By Paul J. Mottelay. A Compilation of the Opinions of the Best Known Authorities in Bridge in regard to Leads, Declarations, References and the proper play in the different emergencies of the Game.	6 9
The Popular Bridge Player. By Cut Cavendish.	0 14
The Bridge Winner. By Cut Cavendish. Illustrated. Paper, 12 As; Leather	1 8

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

HUNTLY
BLEND
WHISKY.

Rs. 2 per bottle.

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. DOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
All Wine Merchants.

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LD.,
SOLE AGENT.

ABDULLA & CO., LD.,
(of 9, New Bond St., London),
CIGARETTE SPECIALISTS.
ABDULLA'S
CIGARETTES
DE LUXE"

Are the *Best*, as supplied for the Royal Tour of H. R. H. The Prince of Wales and Suite during 1905,

The Selection of the Tobacco and its Manufacture being under English Supervision.

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS FORTNIGHTLY
ALWAYS IN STOCK
AT THE INDIAN AGENCY
Rampart Row (Next P. & O. Office),
BOMBAY.

HAPPY 1908.

A lovely selection of Brand New Goods for GENT'S Ties, Collars, Strawhats, Braces, Shirts, Socks, Handkerchiefs and A beautiful display of CHILDREN'S Frocks.

A grand display of Brand New Goods for LADIES. Expressly Ordered for this Season.

PROVISION 15 per cent. cheaper than Market Rates.

A visit means a lot of saving.

Our Prices defy Competition.

SITARAM BUILDING, BOMBAY.

THE PARISIAN MILLINERY MART.

WANTED.—Sufferers to know that "Hydrocele" of any nature and standing is warranted to be cured right away by our Unique remedy "Hydrocoline." Speedy and permanent cure is certain even if the worst type. Ours is a novelty in the Medical World. No tapping, no detention, complete elimination of the fluid in the Sac. Wonderful decrease in size and relief of pain. A trial will convince. Rs. 3 and 5. MANAGER, British Chemical Works, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

AMUSEMENTS.

HARMSTON'S
GRAND CIRCUS.

TO-NIGHT ! TO-NIGHT !!

FIRST HIGH JUMPING CONTEST FOR LOCAL HORSES AND PONIES.

A HANDSOME TROPHY FOR THE WINNER.

GREAT SUCCESS OF OUR THIRD CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

NEXT MATINEE,
SATURDAY, AFTERNOON, FEB. 8TH.

Performance at 4 Sharp.
Doors Open one hour earlier.
Children Half-Price to Matinees only to all parts.

Booking at Circus for Boxes and First Chairs between the hours of 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 4 to 6 P.M.

PRICES OF ADMISSION :

Box of 6 chairs, Rs. 20 ; Single seat in Box, Rs. 4 ; Dress Circle chairs, Rs. 3 ; Second chairs, Rs. 2 ; Stalls (carpeted seat), Re. 1 ; Gallery (for Natives only), As. 8.

MADAME HARMSTON-LOVE,—Proprietress.
COL. BOB-LOVE,—Manager.
R. ALTON,—Agent.

"EXCELSIOR"
CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT.

DON'T MISS THE GRAND AND SENSATIONAL PROGRAMME,

THE WONDERFUL PEARLS' FISHER,

Excursion into the Lands of the Mermaid and Pearls

BEAUTIFUL COLOURED EFFECTS.

Don't forget the GRAND PHENOMENAL PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT.

With new wonderful films just received from Paris, Never Shown in Bombay.

TO-NIGHT.

Under the patronage of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

A TRIP ON THE MAGIC CARPET
BY
MRS. BULLOCK WORKMEN,
Gold Medallist of the FRENCH ALPINE CLUB,
Member of the ROYAL SCOTTISH GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY,
etc., etc.,
AT THE TOWN HALL,
9-30 P.M.

Bookings at Messrs. THACKER & CO.
Illustrated by 72 LANTERN SLIDES.

EMPIRE THEATRE,
BOMBAY.

THURSDAY, THE 20TH FEBRUARY, 1908, AT 9-30 P. M.

GRAND TABLEAUX AND COSTUME CONCERT.

IN AID OF
THE INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION,
Under the distinguished patronage of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND LADY CLARKE,
AND
H. E. SIR GEORGE WARRENDER.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1. New March..... Greetings .....Edward Behr
Specially written for and dedicated to H. E. the GOVERNOR and Lady CLARKE,
H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S BAND.
2. Musical March...Instructor and Leader...Miss Frances Shortt
INDO BRITISH CHILDREN.
3. Tableaux Song...Three Green Bonnets...D'Hardelot
Song, Mrs. VALENTINI TABLEAUX, Mrs. VINES and three Children.
4. Vocal Quartett
Messrs. G. F. HILL, PEARSON, MARTIN and THOMAS.
5. Songs { (a) On the Wings of Music.....Mendelssohn (b) I hid my Love in the Heart of a Rose....D'Hardelot
Lady MAUD WARRENDER.
6. Piano Solo { (a) Prelude .....Rachmaninoff (b) Masche Grotesque.....Sulding
Mrs MILNE.
7. Song.....Scena and Aria Faust .....Gounod
Miss VIOLET CLARKE.
Accompanied by H. E.'s Band,
8. Farcical Dumb-show ..... Professions
Messrs. MARSH and CROFT.

PART II.

1. Overture.....Albin .....Fiebow
H. E.'s BAND.
2. Chanty.....Song with Capstan .....Rolling Home
Mr. CLEAVER and CHORUS.
3. Song and Dance
Mr. CROFT.
4. Tableaux Song...Auld Robin Gray
Song, Mrs. MOPKIN'S TABLEAUX, Mrs. RAIKES, Miss FORBES, etc.
5. Violin Solo { (a) Concerto Op 76.....Bariot (b) Humoreske .....Dvorak
Mr. NABBET.
6. Acted Song.....One Spring Morning .....Nacin
Song, Miss C. V. Munter, Acted by four Girls.
7. Comic Song.
Mr. MARSH.
THE KING.
Orchestral Music arranged and conducted by EDWARD BEER, Director H. E.'s Band.
Theatre kindly lent by the Bombay City Building Coy.

SKATING RINK.
TO-DAY, FRIDAY,
FEBRUARY 7TH.

A SCRATCH POLO MATCH,
GENERAL SKATING SESSIONS.

SATURDAY, 8TH FEBRUARY,
USUAL DAILY SESSIONS.

Owing to unavoidable circumstances, Sports advertised for Saturday, 8th instant, have been POSTPONED to a future date.

THE SECOND GRAND
FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 15TH.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 3" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand : if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand "Gazette Commercial" at Rs. 2 4 per thousand ; if printed on flap Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

COMBRIDGE'S LIST.

THE WORKS OF RUSKIN.

Library Edition, Green Olive Cloth Binding, Gilt Top.

	Rs. As.
ESSAYS ON LITERATURE AND LETTERS, 1836-1841	2 3
ARATRA PENTELICI. Seven Lectures on the Elements of Sculpture...	5 4
ARIADNE FLORENTINA. Six Lectures on Wood and Metal Engraving...	5 4
THE ART AND PLEASURES OF ENGLAND.	3 1
THE EAGLE'S NEST. Ten Lectures on the Relation of Natural Science to Art... ...	3 1
THE ETHICS OF THE DUST. Ten Lectures to Little Housewives on the Elements of Crystallization...	3 1
GIOTTO and his Works in Padua	4 6
HORTUS INCLUSUS, Messages from the Wood to the Garden	4 6
THE HARBOURS OF ENGLAND	5 4
LECTURES ON ARCHITECTURE AND Painting	4 6
"A JOY FOR EVER" (and its Price in the market). Being the substance (with additions) of two Lectures on the Political Economy of Art...	3 1
LETTERS TO THE CLERGY on the Lord's Prayer and the Church...	3 1
MODERN PAINTERS. Vol. II. "Of Ideas," "of Beauty" and "of the Imaginative Faculty." 2 Vols. in one	3 1
NOTES ON PICTURES. Vol. I. Turner ...	5 4
Vol II. Academy Notes	5 4
ON THE OLD ROAD. A collection of Miscellaneous Essays and Articles on Art and Literature. Pubd. 1834-1885. 3 Vols. ...	10 8
"OUR FATHERS HAVE TOLD US." The Bible of Amiens...	3 8
POEMS OF RUSKIN, 2 Vols	6 2
THE POETRY OF ARCHITECTURE. With Illustrations drawn by the Author	5 4
PRÆTERITA. 3 Vols	9 3
St. MARK'S REST. The History of Venice ...	3 1
THE STONES OF VENICE. Travellers' Edition. 2 Vols	6 2
TIME AND TIDE. By Weare and Tyne. 25 letters to a Working man of Sunderland on the Laws of Work	3 1
THE TWO PATHS. Being Lectures on Art and its application to Decoration and Manufacture delivered in 1858-9	3 1
VAL D'ARNO. Ten Lectures on the Tuscan Art	5 4

A. J. COMBRIDGE & CO.,
ESPLANADE ROAD, OPP. CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of 389 Shares of the Berar Manufacturing Coy., Ltd.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction,
Suit No. 565 of 1907.

Dewan Bahadur Kasturchand Abirchand Daga, of Bikaneer, Hindu Inhabitant, carrying on business in Bombay at Moombadevi, under the name and style of Rai Bahadur Bansilal Abirchand by means of his Moonim Radhakison Joravarmal.....Plaintiff.

vs.

Chatoorbhuj Gordhandas of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kalbadevi, outside the Fort .....Defendant.

Pursuant to the decree made by the High Court in the above Suit, on 19th December, 1907, and under instructions from Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Girdharlal, Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of February, 1908, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

389 Shares of the Berar Manufacturing Coy., Ltd.

The above Shares will be sold in lots of 25 or more shares.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down and the balance will be required to be paid within 3 days after the sale.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 7TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE OF SECOND-HAND LIBRARY BOOKS.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, TOMORROW, SATURDAY, the 8th day of February 1908, sell by Public Auction, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Sale Rooms, a large collection of old rare and modern books in all departments of Literature, Fiction, History, Biography Travels, Poetry, Medicine, Law, Folklore, Religion, Philosophy, Engineering, and Scientific, etc. A special collection of books on the late South African War, half bound volumes of very rare old magazines, some beginnings from the first date of their publication; Westminster Review, Cornhill Magazine, Review Des Deux Mondes, Tomakawk, Macmillan's Magazine, Contemporary Magazine, Blackwood Magazine, La Charivari, Pictorial World, Sketch, Tit-Bits, Great Thoughts, Magazine of Art, Windsor Magazine, Strand Magazine, Review of Reviews, Family Herald, Saturday Journal, including a treaties on the Fibyls giving an account of the names and number of the Sibyls, published, London, 1661.

The books are on view.

SALE OF Very Valuable Immoveable Properties, at Meadow Street.

Under instructions from and by the order of Nowroji Manekji Wadia, Esqrs., C. I. E., Sir Harkisondas Narotumdas, Knight, and Messrs. Tribhowandas Varjiwandas and Nanabhoy Burjorji, the surviving Trustees of the properties of Dowagar Lady Avabai Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, on MONDAY, the 17th day of February, 1908, at 4-45 p.m. (Standard Time), sell by Public Auction at the premises the undermentioned properties one after the other in separate lots :—

LOT NO. I.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the eastside of Medow Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 326 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 94, New No. 4932, Old Survey No. 1357, 1358, and New Survey No. 9518, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property of J. D. Powvala, on or towards the south by the property hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the east by the property of M. M. Cama, and on or towards the west by the said Medow Street which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1096, and Street Nos. 21-23 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of Messrs. Sorabji Cowasji and Co., and others as tenants of the said trustees.

LOT NO. II.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the eastside of Medow Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 463 square yards or thereabouts, and Registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 94, New No. 4932, Old Survey No. 1357—1358, and New Survey No. 9518, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the north by the property hereinbefore first described, on or towards the south by a gulley and beyond that by the property of Haji Hassam, on or towards the east by the property of M. M. Cama, and on or towards the west by the said Medow Street, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1095, and Street Nos. 13, 15, 17, 19, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of D. J. D'Souza and others, as tenants of the said trustees.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Pestonjee, Rustim Kola and Co., Solicitors for the Trustees, at No. 79 Medow Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
BOMBAY, 7TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING ? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee, it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Agent for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

WONDER ! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine—G. D. Nariman, Hydrabad Deccan.

"LU-LU" EYE DROPS.—An absolutely non-irritant and a Positive Cure for Sore, Inflamed, Red, and Weak Eyes, Granulated Lids, Corneal Ulcers, etc. Prepared to the Formula of a Surgeon-Oculist (London). Re. 1.—D. M. DASTOOR & Co., Oppt. "The Bombay Club," Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS.—New and Second-Hand. Seymour Dove and Coy. can offer Lower Rates than any other retailer for reliable Instruments. Pianos from Rs. 150 to Rs. 1,100. Call or write :—Tuners and Repairers SEYMOUR DOVE AND CO., Fort.

COPIES of Mr. JUSTICE BEAMAN'S LECTURE on Woman's Proper Place in Society, in pamphlet form, Re. 1 per copy, can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, 3 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—An elegant second-hand English-built Vis-a-Vis or double-seated Victoria, by Offord, London, thoroughly overhauled and renovated with best English materials, in perfect good order and sound condition. Quite as good as a brand new imported carriage. Apply to MESSRS. PRESS & Co., Fort Coach Factory, Mody Bay, Fort.

FORMS OF POWER-OF-ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay Rs. 2, Moffussil Rs. 3 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 4, Ch. G. St., Fort, Bombay. Established 1872.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special time and fare tables of all the Indian Railways Abstract of Rules and Regulations, Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad. Postal and Telegraphic information, Steam-Boat and dak Companies. Places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines, Price, Eight Annas Annual Subscription Rs. 5 including Postage

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company inscribed. Apply at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT of COOKING STOVES and Ranges to burn Coal, Wood, or Oil, and Kitchen Requisites in stock.—STOVE DEPOT, 17, Church Gate Street.

NOTICE to CYCLISTS.—Messrs. WALTER LANE & Co., European Cyclists of Church Gate Street, are removing from their present premises to "MAHOMED BUILDING," Hornby Road, next door to Paris-India from 1st November, 1907.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" "&c. containing all the information of previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Town Subscription, yearly Rs. 12, Half-yearly Rs. 7 and Quarterly, Rs. 4. post Re. 15-12 ; Rs. 8 and Rs. 4 respectively Mofussil Subscription £1-1-0 now year Post Free.

OLD BOOKS.—Advertiser will be glad to receive lists of Old and Rare Books relating to Indian History and Events. Nett Prices should be marked to facilitate selection and purchase. Address "BIBLIOPHILE," No. 9238 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS' ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON. The largest and leading in the East no expense or trouble spared. Luxuriously provides for the convenience and demands of Constituents. A visit is earnestly solicited to Cox's Building (Top Floor), Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SEEDS ! SEEDS !—Vegetable and Flower for the Coming Season. Fresh supply received every Third Week.—PALEKAR and Co., Sitaram Buildings, Near Crawford Market, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Special No. 3" at Rs. 3-12 per thousand : if printed on flap Rs. 5 per thousand : Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE DESCRIPTIVE SHEET ALMANACK FOR 1908.—Only a few Copies available. Got up in a neat and an attractive style in colours on superior paper. Contains in brief valuable and useful information regarding H. E. the Governor's Personal Staff and Additional Members in Council, Gazetted Public Holidays and various departments of the Bombay Municipality, the Bombay Port Trust, the B. B. & C. I. Ry., the G. I. P. Ry., Bombay Post Office, the Stamp Schedule, &c. Price per copy ANNAS FOUR Only. Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street.

THE BISHOP AND HIS CHARGE.—The issue of the *Bombay Gazette* containing our Article on the BISHOP'S VISITATION CHARGE being sold out and many demands made for copies of the same we have reprinted the Article in PAMPELET FORM.—Price 3 Annas each at this Office

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office."

TO BE LET.

IN Building overlooking Elphinstone Circle Garden, SECOND-FLOOR :—TWO fine airy OFFICE ROOMS, with Gallery. For Rent and other particulars apply to the Owner—

DEVKARAN NANJEE
17, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

CONNAUGHT HOTEL,
POONA.

CUISINE OF THE VERY BEST
Most Central Position.

JARRAHWOOD.

JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

MESSRS. MILLARS' KABRI JARRAH Coy. (1902) Ld.,
Nippon Buildings' Hornby Road. Bombay

BOMBAY, 6TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING CO., LD.
MANUFACTURERS OF
SWADESHI CLOTH.

FANCY and COLOURED CLOTH of different qualities and designs such as :—Long Cloth, Domestics, Table Cloths, Chadars, Dhotties, Drills, Twills, Damask Table Cloths, Towels, (Honey Comb pattern, Akhi Bakha, Damask pattern, &c.), Turkish Towels, Bath Towels, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Shawls, Khaki Cloth, Sheeting Cloth, Khaki Cloth, Bed stickings, Bed Covers, Bed Quilts, Coloured Table Cloth, Tapestry Cloth, Jhool Cloth, Sarees, Pugrees, Carpets, &c., &c.

HOSIERY GOODS in all varieties, viz : Genzies Hose, Sock, Jerseys (Fancy & Merino Knitted, &c.), Pants, Caps, &c.

THREAD GOODS of all descriptions, viz : Sewing glazed thread in Cards and Spools (warranted full lengths) Crochet Cotton Mercerized Cotton for embroidery, Sewing Skeins, Ball Twines, &c.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

WHOLESALE CUSTOMERS can have their supply only from

LAKHMIDAS MORARJI,
Salesman,
GANESHWADI, BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE :—Ganeshwadi.
BRANCHES :—Sitaram Buildings, Bombay.
Do. —Samsett Street, Bombay.
Do —71-2 Canning Street, Calcutta

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF EMPTY CASES OF KEROSENE OIL WITH TINS.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 7th instant, at 4 p.m. (Bombay Time), sell by Public Auction, at Belasis Bridge, Pipe Depot : 768 empty cases of kerosene oil with tins.

AUCTION SALE OF CINEMATOGRAPH.

Under instructions from Mr. Dawood Sulleman and on account and risk of Edaljee Kawasji Plumber, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 3-30 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, the following :—

One Exhibition Cinematograph Machine.
One Leubin's Cinematograph Machine.
About 15,000 ft. of assorted films exhibited in the last year Exhibition at Surat.

The Vendor does not guarantee the length of the films ; also sundry accessories and tools, etc.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 8th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Also a few lots of civil engineering books, such as Our Book Plan of Cathedral, 2 vols., Railway Locomotives, by D. K. Clarke, Public Works of Great Britain, Civil Architecture, 2 vols., Boorkes, Treatise on Civil Engineering, Dictionary of the Useful Knowledge, Dictionary of Daily Wants, Land Surveying Book, etc., drawing boards, brass parelel rool, box of Stanley sack, T. squares, stincil plates, Revenue sheets, plan of the whole of India, etc., cupboards, tables, chairs, iron bedsteads, marble statue (broken), wearing apparels, photo materials, etc.

On account and risk of the concerned—
B. M. and Co. No. 596, 1 case tacking necklaces.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong E. B. 4 wheel dogcart by "Windover," in very good order.
1 handsome strong E. B. C. Spring victoria by "Windover," in very good order.
1 handsome grey Arab horse, 14-3, 5 years, goes well in harness.
1 pair of very showy country-bred mare, 13-3 6 years, going in double harness.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 Clement Car, 4 seated Tonnan Body, side entrance, 6 to 8 H. P., in working order.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS AT FURGUSON ROAD, PAREL, OPPOSITE THE STAR OF INDIA MILLS.

On SUNDAY, the 9th February, 1908, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, under instructions from the owners, sell by Public Auction, on the site, the following very valuable 24 building plots of Foras Tenure Land :—

Plot Nos.	Square yards.	Plot Nos.	Square yards.
1	1,070	13	330
2	1,110	14	350
3	820	15	330
4	815	16	350
5	460	17	330
6	450	18	400
7	450	19	330
8	470	20	400

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.] [BOMBAY, FEBRUARY 6.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	87 1/8		3/16
3 do. Rentes ...	96 3/4	unchgd	
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	102 1/2		3/8
3½ do. Govt. Securities ...	83 5/8	1/16	
*Bar Silver in London ...	25 1/2		1/8
Do. do. 2 months' hence	25 5/8		1/8
Do. in New York ...	55 1/4		1/4
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25.15	unchgd	
Do. do. do. Berlin.	20·47 1/2		1/2
Do. do. do. New York.	4·86 1/2		1/8
Discount Bank of England Rate.	4 p.c.	since 23ulto	
Do. Short London Bills,	3 5/8	1/8	
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 3 months' sight	3 3/8	1/8	
Do. 6 months' sight			
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 1/8	unchgd	
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 1/8	unchgd	
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	3 5/8	3/8	
Do. 7-day Market Loans	3 1/2	unchgd	

Amount withdrawn from Bank of England £100.000 for various places.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 25/32d.

*Closing tone of silver—Very quiet.

Council Bills :–

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 80,00,000.

Rs. } were allotted to Calcutta.
" } Mutilated. were allotted to Bombay.
" were allotted to Madras.

Rs. at 1s. 3 29/32d.

Average rate of allotment, 15·91.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS :–

Rs. 24,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
Rs. 2,00,000 were allotted to Bombay.
Rs. 12,00,000 were allotted to Madras.

Rs. 38,00,000 at 1s. 3 15/16d.

Average rate of allotment 15·94.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales ... ... Rs. 82,00,000
Amount to be allotted next week ... Rs. 40,00,000

COTTON.

Liverpool :–

Spots ... ...Dull.
Futures ... ...Easier.
East Indian ... ...Quiet.
Manchester ... ...Quiet.
Total Sales ... ... 7,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500 "
Imports ... ...10.000 "
Mid-Americans... ... ...6·40+04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 9 1/2

Future Delivery Prices :–

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.
5·88	5·88	5·86	5·83
—05	—04	—04	—04

June-July	July-Aug	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
5·87	5·76	5·65	5·51	5·41
—03	—03	—03	—04	—04

New York :–

Receipts at U. S. Ports ... ...36,000 bales
Do. do. last year ... .56,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ... .12,000 "
Do. to Continent ... .18,000 "
Spot Cotton—11·50—15 "

Futures—Month of Mar. 10·89+21 } Declined owing to weak Cables and to bulls unloading
Do. Do. May 10·93+19 }

New Orleans :–

Spot Cotton—11 13/16—1/16
Futures—Month of Mar. 11·27—18
Do do May 11·17—13
Closing tone of futures—Steady.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi, C. I. F.—38 June-July —London—Nominal.
Tone of Wheat—Dull.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed :–

Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85/6 ex-ship 58½—Apl.-May—Antwerp—Done.
Brown Cawnpore—53½ April-May—Antwerp—Done
Tone of Rapeseed,—Quieter.

Linseed :–

Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship 45—April-May—Antwerp—Value.
Tone of Linseed—Steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :–

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 6½ unchanged.

Rubber :–

Para Rubber 3/1 Value.

Beef and Mutton Tallow :–

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ...32s.
" " Mutton Tallow ...34s. 0d.
General tone of Tallow Auction ...firm, more inquiry.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages	Value	From	Vessel.	Importer.
2 Bundles Bs ...	Rs. 6,000	Muscat	Kasara	Comp Nat de Paris
2 do do ...	3,500	do	Kola	do
1 do do ...	2,300	do	Kasara	L Purshotum
2 do do ...	2,000	Abbas	O Craft	H E H Allana
6 P'kgs Sovs and half Sovs do	55,000	Jeddah	Imperator	Sundry Importers

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING, | 6TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

FINANCIAL.

Money :–

Borrowers for two months at 6 per cent. per annum.

Exchange :–

The Market opened steady at 1s. 3 7-8d. T.T. and 1s. 3 29-32 for Demand Bank Bills, but 1-32 better could be done in both positions. There was some enquiry for Demand Bills for the mail which was met at 1s. 3 15-16d. Credits are scarce and although some Banks refused to buy under 1s. 4 5-32d 3 months' sight any credits that were placed found a market at 1s. 4.1-8d. Bills were offered for March-April delivery and were placed at current rates. Far Eastern rates are quiet.

We quote :–

T. T. on London	1s. 3 15/16d. to 1s. 3 31/32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 3 29/32d. to 1s. 3 31/32d.
Credits—3 months' sight	...1s. 4 1/8d. to 5/32
Do. 4 months sight	...1s. 4 1/4d.
Do. 2 months' sight—France	168½
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks.	123
Hongkong—30 days' sight ...	149
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	150½
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	197½

Government Paper.

The Market opened to-day at 96 5-16 for cash and 96 1-2 for the settlement. A moderate business has been transacted at these rates but towards the close the market became easier, with quotations closing as under:–

Cash	Rs. 96·4
1st Settlement	" 96 7

Bullion :–

Bar silver on London closed 1/8 down on Wednesday, the quotations being 25½ ready and 25 5/8 for delivery forward in two months. New York closed 1/4 lower at 55 1/4. Locally the enquiry continues for ready bars and business was done at 67 11/16ex-duty. Forward bars are quiet, the quotation for the next two settlements ruling at about 66 ex-duty. Bar gold is steady.

We quote :–

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	11	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	10	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	8	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	8	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	2	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	67	6	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	66	11	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement ...	66	0	0

COTTON.

Market Report :–

In sympathy with the decline in the American markets our market is easier and prices are quoted Re. 1 to Rs. 2 lower. There is little doing for forward delivery either by exporters or in the bazaar, and at the close the market is quiet at the undermentioned rates.

For ready cotton there has been a very small demand to-day and prices are a shade easier.

QUOTATIONS :–	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	277	March
Good M. G. Broach ...	269	"
Fine M. G. Nagpur Kampti	228	"
Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaon	220	"
Fine M. G. Khangaum Akola	217/18	"
Fine M. G. Amraoti ...	217/18	"
Fine M. G. Muttia ...	205/6	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	200	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	205	"
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	197	"
Fine M. G Bengals ...	188 1/2	"
Good Westerns ...	239	May
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	255	"

Liverpool Opener :–

Opening Tone... ... ... Quiet.
Estimated Sales ... ... 8,000 bales.
Total Imports ... ... 22.000 "

Future Delivery Prices :–

F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
5·85	5·85	5·82	5·80	5·78
—03	—03	—04	—03	—03

J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.	O.-N.
5·72	5·62	5·48	5·38
—04	—03	—03	—03

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :–

For forward delivery prices are firmer, while for ready the market keeps steady, but there is not much doing. We quote :–

Ready ... ... Rs. 8 3 0 B. T.
Apl.-May ... ... " 8 11 0 R. T.

Rapeseed :–

Continues firm and rates are advancing, but at the present level there is little demand. Quotations are as under :–

Brown Cawnpore, April-May ... Rs. 9 12 0 R. T.
Yellow Gujerat " ... Rs. 10 5 0 B. T.

Gingellyseed :–

The market is quiet but steady with little doing. We quote :–

Bold White 35 per cent. ... Rs. 59 0 0
Muggy ... ... " 57 8 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... ... " 63 0 0

Poppyseed :–

The market is firm at

Rs. 11 8 0 April-May R. T.

Castorseed :–

Ready Rs. 34 4 0 Apl.-May. Rs. 35 4 0

Tone—Steady.

Cottonseed :–

Rs. 25 0 0

Tone—Easier.

Mowraseed :–

Rs. 5 5 0

Tone—Steady.

Groundnuts–

Rs. 43 8 0

Tone—Steady.

Wheat :–

White Delhi, April-May... Rs. 6 1 0 R. T.

Tone—Steady.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :–

Bombay	1,342½	
India	61	
Indian Specie Bank	52	
Mills :–		
David	403 3/4	
Manockji Petit	3 320	March
Presses :–		
Broil's Cawnpore	180	
Hingoli	110	
Khangaum	325	
Miscellaneous :–		
Bidham Pile & Co.	127	
Bombay Burmah Master Share	2515 C.D.	
Colaba Land and Mill... ...	1,050	March
Shivrajpur MiningSyndicate ...	42½	
Railways :–		
Tapti-Valley	423 3/4	

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :–

Cotton	16,838 bales.
Wheat	10,364 cwts.
Linseed	619 "
Rapeseed	nil "
Gingellyseed	4,183 "
Poppyseed	74 "
Groundnuts	338 "
Castorseed	1,344 "
Rice	3,384 "
Myrabolams	11,950 "
Cottonseed	13,753 "
Mowrasseed	632 "
Gram	174 "
Jowar	6,329 "
Maize	nil "

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, FEBRUARY 6.

The Freight market continues very quiet and business is dragging and although the rates are maintained it is principally owing to the limited amount of liner tonnage available that small quantities of cargo are offering, and [illegible] prospect making outside the owners are chary [illegible]ning.

KARACHI, FEBRUARY 6.

There is no improvement to report. The business passing is very limited. The Ellerman Line "City of London," Liverpool, March, 100 tons is quoted at 11s. 6d., Trafford Hall, 1,500 tons Genoa at 10s. 6d. 100 tons Antwerp at 11s. 6d. Wilson Line Hall, March 2,000 tons at 9s. 6d., February March 275 tons at 9s. 6d. Hansa Line, Hamburg, February, 2,000 tons at 9s. 6d. Chugandas, Antwerp, March, 875 tons at 10s.

INDIAN GOLD MINES.

Further Returns.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEBRUARY 6.

During January 1,150 tons of ore crushed at the Dharwar Reefs Company's battery yielded 569·43 ozs of gold.

The average value of the tailings during the month was 4 dwts. 17 grs. These are still being accumulated for treatment when additions to the tailings plant are completed.

ADVICES from San Francisco report that a new gold field has been discovered at Manvel, in San Bernardino County, and that thousands of prospectors are rushing thither. The discovery was made at Christmas, and the assays which have been made are said to show ore of extraordinary richness. The gold seekers are suffering great hardships from lack of supplies, and their only places of shelter are tents, of which a veritable city has sprung up.

THE MOST BRACING OF BATHS.

A delicious sensation of Coolness and Purity instantly follows a bath containing a little Condy's Fluid, which invigorates the body and braces the nerves in a manner that is unattainable by any other means. The Cooling and Bracing effects are Simply Magical.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists and is guaranteed to contain No Permanganate of Potash.

Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 1 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

GEDDES—January 27, at Southsea, England, the wife of Captain M. H. B. Geddes, 64th Pioneers, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MASON—February 1, at Dharwar, the wife of Mr. T. B. Mason of a son.

MARRIAGE.

BROOKES—BUTCHER—January 25, at St. Mary's Church, Ajmer, by the Rev. Meyrick, Rainsford Charles Ernest, son of the late Mr. E. Brookes, Gloucester England, to Florence Kathleen, only surviving daughter of the late Mr. George Vance Butcher, Assistant Superintendent, Government Telegraphs.

DEATHS.

JACKSON—January 29, at his residence Wingfield Park House Lucknow, George Thomas, aged 65 years.

PRENTICE January 28, at Trichinopoly, Harry Prentice, Chief Clerk, Loco. and Carriage Superintendent's Office, B. B. and C. I Railway, Parel.

STEWART—February 3, on his way to Madras, Charles Edward Stewart, late Inspector, Salt and Abkari Department, Madras, aged 54 years.

THORPE—January 28, at Dehra Dun, of heart failure, James Johnston Thorpe aged 56 years, late Superintendent of the Chief Commissioner's Office Lucknow.

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CHIRETTONES.

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THE CHEMISTS,

BOMBAY.

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TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 7h 12m. Sun sets, 6h. 35m. High water 2h 6m., 3-24a. Low water, 8-3m., 8-59a.

P. and O. steamer Oriental, with English mails of 24th ultimo., due to arrive at 8 a.m.

Mrs. Bullock Workman's lecture, Town Hall, 9-30 p.m.

Harmston's Circus, Esplanade, 9-30 p.m.

Skating Rink, Esplanade, 9-3 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade, 7 p.m, 8-30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Feb. 9th, First Quarter, 9h. 57·5m. a. m.; Feb. 17th, Full Moon, 2h. 35·4m, p. m.; Feb. 25th, Last Quarter, 8h. 54·3m. a. m.; Feb. 15th, in Apogee, 8h. p. m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Saturday, February 8.—Bombay Extra Races. Royal Bombay Yacht Club Races. B V R Camp at Santa Cruz closes. Sun rises, 7h. 11m. Sun sets, 6h. 35m. High water, 3-28m., 4-22a. Low water, 9-51m., 9-51a.

Sunday, February 9.—5th Sunday after Epiphany. Bombay Hunt, Parla. Sun rises, 7h. 11m. Sun sets, 6h. 36m. High water, 4-11m., 5-32a. Low water, 10-45m., 10-55a.

Monday, February 10.—Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-30 p. m. "Stree Bodhe" Jubilee, Addresses by Native Ladies, Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, 5 p.m. Bombay Open Polo Tournament. Sun rises, 7h. 10m. Sun sets, 6h. 36m. High water, 4-59m., 7 9a. Low water, 11-47m.

Tuesday, February 11.—Bombay Polo Tournament. Bombay Hunt, Irla; Bombay Commercial Gymkhana, Annual General Meeting, 9-15 p.m. Indian Specie Bank, Apollo Street, 3-30 p.m. Sun rises, 7h. 10m. Sun sets 6h. 37m., High water, 6-2m., 8-42a. Low water, 0-52m., 0-59a.

Wednesday, February 12.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p.m. Bombay Races, first day. Bombay Polo Tournament. Volkart's United Press Company, 7 Marine Street, 3.30 p.m. Masonic Ball, Town Hall. Sun rises, 7h. 9m. Sun sets, 6h. 37m. High water, 7-32m., 9-46a. Low water, 2-38m., 2-6a.

Thursday February 13.—Bombay Polo Tournament. Bombay Hunt, the Kennels. R. G. A. Sports, Colaba, 4 p. m. Municipal Corporation. "Stree Bodhe" Jubilee Evening Entertainment at the Town Hall, 9-30 p. m. Sun rises, 7h. 9m. Sun sets, 6h. 37m. High water, 8-59m., 10-30a. Low water, 3-47m., 3-58a.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Natal, Cape Colony, and other places in South Africa per S.S. "Umkuzi" via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7·30 p.m. on Wednesday the 12th current. A supplemental mail will also be closed at 7-30 p.m on the 13th instant.

THE KHOJA SAJUNBHOY MEERALLY'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During January the number of Khoja patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 1,460. Among them the number of new admissions was 332; classified as follows :—Khoja men 102; women 100; children 130. The average daily attendance was 47.

SOCIAL GATHERING :—A Social gathering in connection with the Bombay Jewish Cricket Club will be held at Khadack at 9 p. m. (S.T.) on the 8th instant on the first floor of the House of Mr. Reuben Solomon, B. A., LL. B. All members with their friends are cordially invited to attend."

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—Under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood Prof. G. C. Bhate M. A. of the Ferguson College, Poona, will deliver a public Address in the Prathana Mandir, Girgaon, on Saturday the 8th February at 6-45 p.m. on "Education and Character" Prof. W. G. Robertson M. A., of the Wilson College, has kindly consented to preside. Members are requested not to seek an entry to the Hall before 6-40 p.m.

DUPED BY A TRAMP.—Savalia Tania, a Hindu, was hawking blankets along Ripon Road on Wednesday when a Mahomedan stopped him and bargained for one blanket. The price was fixed at Rs. 2 and 2 annas. He then asked for change for a ten rupee note. He was given the change. He then directed the hawker to go to the ramosi near the mill gate yonder and to ask him to give him the ten rupee note which was in his coat pocket. The coat, he said, was hanging on a nail in the chowky but when the hawker went to the ramosi he discovered that he was duped by the Mahomedan. The matter was reported to the police.

JUVENILE THIEF.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Aston, Balu Gulab, a Hindu lad, aged about 8, was charged with committing the theft of six books. Mr. Vicaji, pleader, defended the accused. Mr. J. P. DeQuadros, Honorary Secretary to the Bombay Catholic Association, deposed that the boy was employed in the service of this Association. On Tuesday a policeman brought the six books to him which he identified as belonging to the Association. The accused did not turn up that day, but came to work the next day, when he was questioned as to the books, which he admitted having stolen. The accused pleaded guilty saying he had sold them to a hawker. The accused was sentenced to receive four stripes.

COCAINE TRAFFIC.—Yesterday, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtulla, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Draper charged Dayashankar Shivprasad, a shop-keeper, with selling cocaine without a license. Mr. Cooverji Darashah, Divisional Excise Inspector, having received certain information gave a few marked coin to Rudhoo Ramdas to purchase a quantity of the drug from the accused's shop. The man bought two packets of cocaine and on a signal being given the Excise Inspector arrested the accused and searched the shop. A bottle containing 20 grains of cocaine was found near the shop. The accused admitted having no license and his Worship fined him Rs. 200 with the alternative of two months' hard labour.

ROBBING A FRIEND'S HAPPINESS.—Before Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtulla, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, Ramdeen, a Tramcar driver appeared yesterday to answer the charge of enticing away the wife of his friend, Bhudhai Hanuman. On the 25th December last the accused, it appears, induced the woman to leave her husband's house and go with him. They lived in a chawl in Mazagon and after a few days shifted to Madanpura. The accused also induced her to part with some of her ornaments and one night as he did not return to the room until very late the woman went out into the Street in search of him. Her husband who happened to be going that way saw her. She told him the whole story and went back to her husband the accused denied all the allegations but he was convicted upon the evidence and sentenced to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 80 with the alternative of one month's further imprisonment.

ALLEGED THEFT.

Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. Aston, Inspector Shaw charged one Elijah, an Israelite, with committing theft of currency notes of the value of Rs. 3,600 belonging to a Mr. Phillip Noronha of Cavel.

The complainant stated that on Tuesday last at about 3-30 p.m. he went to the National Bank to cash a cheque. Whilst he was talking to one of the clerks he felt a jerk at the pocket of his trousers in which there were currency notes of the value of Rs. 3,600. The moment he felt the jerk he looked down and saw the bundle of notes in the accused's hands, which the latter was at that moment taking out of the pocket. The complainant caught hold of the accused and made him over to a policeman.

The accused pleaded not guilty, saying he was standing by the complainant and came in contact with him but did not touch the notes in the complainant's pocket, and that the notes were still in the complainant's pocket when the latter seized him.

Gajanand Govind, a typist in the National Bank, and one S. De Silva deposed that they saw the bundle of notes in the accused's hand.

Further hearing of the case has been postponed.

THE "TIMES OF INDIA" DIRECTORY.

We have received a copy of the excellent Directory which is issued by the "Times of India." It contains the usual list of names and addresses, which is very full, though in a place like Bombay where changing house occurs with such frequency, many alterations must necessarily creep in between the times of compilation and publishing. Several useful lists of officials and industrial concerns are embodied and those who are run down by motor cars will find all the numbers registered. The work is one of exceeding usefulness and should be on every office table.

AN ANGLO-GUJARATI DICTIONARY.

DR. RUSTOM N. R. RANINA, who has for years been engaged in the completion of a comprehensive Anglo-Gujarati Dictionary, has now issued to the subscribers the last volume of the great work. It is many years since Mr. N. R. Ranina undertook, in collaboration with Mr. A. F. Moos, to bring out an elaborate English-Gujarati Dictionary which should remain a classical work of reference in Gujarati literature. For nearly half a century the accomplished scholars toiled on at the laborious work, and yet they left it incomplete at the time of their deaths. Dr. Rustom Ranina has deemed it an act of filial duty to bring it to a completion, which he has now done. The volume begins at the word "water-doctor," and ends at "zythum," and can well stand comparison with its predecessors. Though quite towards the end of his labours, Dr. Ranina has shown no signs of having hurried through the work; and one is surprised to see word after word so elaborately and carefully treated that columns are devoted to each of such ordinary words as "well," "what," "white," "will," "wise," and many others. It seems as if the young author's thesaurus of Gujarati words is almost inexhaustible; for in some cases, as in that of the word "welfare;" for nearly fifty Gujarati equivalents are given. While some of these are ordinary colloquial words which one reads and hears every day, the others are classical expressions used by standard Hindu writers. This at once shows wide reading and deep study. Dr. Ranina has followed the plan originally laid down by the late Messrs. Moos and Ranina, which can hardly be improved upon. Each English word is first explained in terse easy Gujarati, and then its appropriate equivalents falling under various shades of meaning are given. Then follow a long list of phrases, idioms, proverbs, &c., involving the use of the word with its corresponding Gujarati meanings and equivalents. All these go to make the Dictionary a really useful and valuable work. The whole book represents the results of patient and laborious work extending over half a century. Now that the volume is complete, we trust that it will meet with the support it so richly deserves. No library, public or private, can be complete without such an important book. A very readable and interesting sketch of the life of the original authors, with their portraits, is given at the end of this concluding part of the work.

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No 1 Company.
Saturday the 8th instant 6" B L C Gun Drill at Mahaluximi, Fort, parade at Church Gate Station at 4-40 p m. Dress—Khaki and Caps.
No 2 Company.
Saturday the 8th instant at 5 p m 6" B L C Gun Drill at Mahaluximi Fort. Dress—Khaki and Caps.

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LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

CLAIM UPON THE ESTATE OF THE FIRST AGA KHAN.

Yesterday, in the High Court, the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell continued the hearing of the suit of Haji Bibi, widow, against His Highness Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah Aga Khan, and thirteen others, in which the plaintiff, a daughter of the late Aga Janghi Shah, who was a son of the first Aga Khan, sued as one of the heirs of Janghi Shah to recover from the first defendant her share in the estate of the first Aga Khan, alleging that all the properties now in the hands of the first defendant are the joint family property belonging to the estate of the first Aga Khan, in which she is entitled to a share.

Mr. Bahadurji and the Hon. Mr. C. H. Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia, and Co., appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Inverarity, Mr. Lowndes, and Mr. Raikes, instructed by Mr. Moos of Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the first defendant. Mr. Bahadurji and Mr. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, Wadia and Co., appeared for the second defendant, Beebee Sahib. Mr. Robertson and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Mr. Moos of Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the third defendant, Beebee Shamsool Meoluk. Mr. Branson and Mr. Vicaji, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the fourth and sixth defendants, Khudijah Beebee and Shahzadi Begum. The Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Strangman, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the fifth defendant, Aga Shamsudin Shah. Mr. Padshah and Mr. Lalkaka, instructed by Messrs. Pestonji Rustom, Kola and Co., appeared for the seventh and eighth defendants. The Hon. Mr. Setalvad and Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchund, Wadia and Co., appeared for defendants 9 to 14.

Mr. Bahadurji in his opening address traced the history of the Aga Khans from the time the first Aga Khan arrived in Bombay. He maintained that when the first Aga Khan left Persia he was possessed of considerable property in that country. He then travelled through Baluchistan and arrived in Sind. Whilst there he rendered assistance to the British with the irregular troops whom he had brought with him and earned as a reward a monthly pension of Rs. 3,000 from the Government of India. He also acquired large properties in that province from the offerings which he received from his followers there. He arrived in Bombay in 1845, and as was usual with the people he was given a very warm welcome by the Khojas and presented with large offerings. The first Aga Khan Hasan Ali Sha died leaving behind him three widows, three sons and three daughters. His son Ali Shah succeeded him as the spiritual head of the Khojas. After Ali Shah's death the mother of the present Aga Khan managed the affairs during his minority. Counsel submitted that during all this time the various members of the Aga Khan's family lived in the different family residences and received allowances, comforts and other requisites. When a male member of the family attained majority, he was given a separate residence and a suitable allowance; while a female member was got married at the expense of the Aga Khan for the time being and suitably maintained. This went on during the time of the first and second Aga Khans and of the present Aga Khan's mother, and even in the time of the present Aga Khan. In 1896, however, certain unfortunate events occurred which embittered the feelings of the plaintiff and other members of Jungi Shah's family which, in September 1901, culminated in the execution of a release passed to the first defendant by the fifth defendant Shamsudin Shah, as an administrator of the property of Jungi Shah. The plaintiff stated that this release was not binding on her, inasmuch as she was not consulted by Shamsudin before obtaining letters of administration and that the fact of the execution of the release was concealed from her for a long time by Shamsudin. She claimed that she was entitled to her share in the share of Jungi Shah in the estate left by the first Aga Khan. It was submitted on her behalf that the offerings which the Khojas gave to the Aga Khan were given not for his own benefit but for the benefit of the whole Aga Khan family. The Khojas had a great reverence for the male members of the Aga Khan's family, because it was from among them that they got their Imam or spiritual head. In fact, these male members were considered to be their "murshids" or religious instructors. Further, one of them was always appointed a Pir of the Khojas, and as such he also received offerings from them on occasions. It was explained that these offerings, which were a sort of dues, were made on occasions of birth, marriage, &c. They were collected by the Mukhi or Kamaria of the Khoja Jamat, who paid a certain portion to the expenses of the Jamatkhana and to the reserve fund set apart in connection with each Jamatkhana. Besides the Aga Khan, the offerings were also made to the other male members of the Aga Khan whenever they went to the Jamatkhanas and they were dealt with in the same manner as the offerings made to the Aga Khan were treated. Counsel submitted that the contention of the first defendant that these offerings were meant for his own personal use and that he maintained the other members of the family as a matter of bounty and not of right was wholly incorrect. Counsel cited authorities to show that the release in question affected only the first and the fifth defendants, and was not binding on her.

Mr. Desai then commenced to read before the Court evidence taken on commission, and did not conclude when the Court rose for the day.

SUIT FOR PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Knight have yesterday disposed of a case in which the original plaintiff and appellant, Sadasuk Sriram, a Marwadi, sued to recover Rs. 590 with interest on a running account from the original defendant and respondent Gyanu. Plaintiff alleged that there was a partnership shop at Talikote belonging to him and the defendant; that the defendant executed to him a "Farkhat" regarding their shares in the partnership shop and consented to pay the amounts due; that Rs. 1,901 were found due from the defendant who had consented to pay them; that after retiring from the partnership defendant served at the Talikote shop and then came to serve at the plaintiff's shop at Sholapur and at that time, at the request of the defendant, the amount due from him by the Talikote shop was credited to that shop and was debited in the defendant's "Khata" opened in the plaintiff's shop at Sholapur. The defendant on the other hand contented that plaintiff had fraudulently and deceitfully obtained a "Farkhat" from him about his share in the Talikote shop and a "khata" from him for the amount, but in fact no amount was due to the plaintiff and that plaintiff was not entitled to claim any interest. The original suit was decided by the First Class Subordinate Judge at Sholapur who dismissed plaintiff's claim. In appeal the District Judge of Sholapur reversed the decree of the Court of first instance and passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff. Against this decision an appeal was admitted in the High Court and their Lordships observed that the District Judge had held that plaintiff was not entitled to the right of appropriation under Section 60 of the Contract Act because the transfer of the Talikote debt to the account at Sholapur was effected by plaintiff without the consent of the defendant. The question of that consent would be immaterial, if the facts were that the defendant, having been indebted to the plaintiff, paid a portion of the debt and, subsequently entering the plaintiff's service on a salary of Rs. 200 a year, did not receive the salary at the end of each year but allowed the sum to be credited in his name in the plaintiff's accounts, against amounts drawn by him while in service, from the plaintiff, and debited to him in those accounts. If these were the facts, the question would be whether, in crediting the sums of Rs. 200 each year to the defendant in his books the plaintiff was acting upon an express or implied understanding between the parties, that the defendant was to be treated as having received his salary by reason of those credit entries. If there was such an understanding, then the plaintiff would be entitled to treat these entries as payments so as to bring them within the purview of Section 60 of the Contract Act. As there is no distinct finding of the District Judge on this question, their Lordships have remanded the case to the lower Court for disposal according to law.

CLAIM FOR MARINE INSURANCE DISMISSED.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod yesterday delivered judgment in the suit of Haji Gulam Mahomed Azam against the Union Marine Insurance Company, Limited.

On the 10th November 1903, the plaintiff had applied to the defendant Company, through their Bombay agent, for an insurance on merchandise to the extent of Rs. 1,40,000, to be shipped on board the s. s. "Rander Reunion," from Coconada to Reunion, via Rangoon. Subject to the conditions of the Company's polices, the application was accepted on the 23rd November following, the plaintiff, whose property the "Rander Reunion was," received information by telegram from his manager Mahomed Yusuf whom he had sent to Cocanada to supervise the

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The Bombay Gazette.

FRIDAY, FEB. 7, 1908.

ANOTHER PAGE OF INDIAN HISTORY.

UNDER the patronage of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, "A Calendar of the Court Minutes etc. of the East India Company 1635-1639" has just been published through the Clarendon Press, by Miss Ethel Bruce Sainsbury. Mr. William Foster writes a preface to the work, in which he explains how Miss Sainsbury came to compile it. He tells us that the Court Minutes of the East Indian Company, now preserved in the Record Department of the Indian Office, have been calendared down to the close of 1634 in the late Mr. W. Noel Sainsbury's invaluable series of *Calendars of State Papers, East Indies*, the last instalment of which was published by the Public Record Office in 1892. In the present volume Miss Sainsbury continues her father's work, and carries it to the end of the year 1639. It is to be noted, however, that there is a gap in the Minutes from July, 1637, to July, 1639, owing to the loss of the volume containing the entries for that period. In order to make the work as complete a reflex as possible of the Company's home administration, abstracts of the documents in the *East Indies* series at the Public Record Office have been added; also a few papers from other collections at that office and some miscellaneous items from the India Office Records. In addition, the references to Indian affairs in the *Domestic State Papers* have been reproduced, the descriptions being for the most part quoted by permission from the official calendars. Where the location of a document is not specified, it is to be understood to be in the India Office. Except in the case of well-known persons and places, it has been thought advisable to spell all names as given in the documents themselves. The reader is thus left to form his own judgment as to which of the several variations is to be regarded as the right one. The period dealt with was one of active interest in English history if not in Indian. Ship-money had been imposed on the towns, John Hampden had refused to pay and the judges decided against him. The Scots drew up their covenant pledging themselves to resist all innovations in religion, and Charles I, who was then King had agreed to an accommodation with the Scots, which was soon to be broken, and the troubles which led to the Commonwealth were just beginning. But the history of the Company was interesting, for at the time its financial position was particularly unsatisfactory. In 1635 with which the Calendar begins, the Worshipul Company of Merchants of London Trading into the East Indies had been in existence just over a third of a century. Its career had been a chequered one. Far and wide, over the lands and seas of Southern Asia, its servants had roamed, from Persia and the Red Sea ports on the west to Japan and the Isles of Banda on the east, and many fair hopes had been built on its early successes. But as time passed, factory after factory was abandoned, owing either to Dutch competition or to the impossibility of developing any trade capable of yielding the high profits required to balance the expenses and risks incurred; while of those that were still maintained several were rather a drain than otherwise. Much of the money attracted to the Company's coffers by its favourable start had been wasted in these futile experiments, and the confidence of the investors in the golden nature of Eastern trade had sustained a shock. Nor were other discouragements wanting. As Miss Sainsbury states in her introductory chapter, the cost of shipping was always heavy; vessels wore out rapidly in tropical waters and many a precious cargo disappeared beneath the waves in the hazardous homeward voyage. Then, too, the Company's servants had more and more openly devoted themselves to trading on their own account.

It is shown that at the beginning of 1635 the actual financial position was far from bright. The current stock was that known as the "Third Joint Stock" which had been started four years earlier with a capital of £420,700. No dividend had been paid and on June 20,1634, the Governor had told the subscribers that they must not look for any return for a year or two longer. In addition to this general fund three subscriptions had been raised for separate "Persia Voyages," and an abortive attempt had been made in May 1631 to raise a fourth. This division of interests had resulted in such an inextricable tangle of accounts that in October 1634 it was agreed that the three voyages should be amalgamated with the Joint Stock at a valuation of £160, £180 and £140, respectively. In addition to its liabilities to its stock holders the Company was considerably in debt both in India and in England; in this country it owed a hundred thousand pounds and in England thrice that amount. This, observes our historian, was not in itself especially alarming, as the Company had always borrowed largely to carry on its trade; but it was somewhat disquieting that these heavy commitments should coincide with a great depression in the Indian trade; but it was somewhat disquieting that these heavy commitments should coincide with a great depression in the Indian trade, due to the frightful famine which had ravaged Guzarat in 1630-01. The natural result of the absence of a dividend, as we may well believe, was a certain amount of discontent amongst the shareholders, many of whom were inclined to attribute the ill success of the Company's operations to the bad management of the governing body. This irritation was evinced in many ways and was not lessened by the long-standing dispute as to the exact relations of the directorate and the "generality." Many of the stockholders maintained that the Governor and Committees were merely delegates who ought to keep their constituents fully acquainted with the state of affairs and refer all matters to them for decision. Sir Morris Abbot and his colleagues, however, while admitting a certain responsibility to the "generality," were inclined to fight for a free hand in the management of the affairs of the company, relying on past practice and the wording of the Charter. They resented the imputation that they were salaried officers, and noted significantly that they held more stock than any four hundred of the generality.

In this volume we are taken into the meetings of the directors and shareholders, some of which were noisy and exciting. As the author says, even the driest bundle of records is likely to contain some elements of amusement and, in the present case, the sober details of the every-day life of a great trading corporation are relieved from time to time by the vagaries of a certain member of the Company, one Thomas Smithwick or Smethwike. He was first heard of in 1621 when selected for a post at Bantam—an appointment which was quickly revoked in disgust at "his pride and overweening of himself." After this he was perpetually popping up with propositions for the good of the Company, criticisms of the management, or a long array of figures to prove that the accountants and auditors were all wrong in their estimates of the financial position of the stock. It was useless to point out to him that his facts were fictions and his inferences mistaken, for, as the Governor told him in public, on one occasion, "he doth soe abound in his own sense as nothing will satisfy him if it bee not agreable to his conceite and apprehencion." In 1628 his allegations became so serious that they were investigated by the Privy Council who pronounced them baseless and committed Smithwick to prison until he apologised for his offence. Being subsequently elected he proved so intractable that his colleagues were glad to get rid of him at the end of a twelve-month. Even then he continued troublesome, sending petitions to the King, the Privy Council, the Archbishop of Canterbury and others, seeking their aid in hampering the operations of the Company. He had seven thousand pounds in the Company's stock and at one time made a liberal gift to the fund for restoring St. Paul's Cathedral. An extraordinary crank, he ultimately fell into trouble. He sought favours from the Directors and they referred him to the General Court. At this, we find, he lost patience and, in October 1839, "used very opprobrious words against Mr. Governour and the whole court and demeaned himselfe in that unmannerly and uncivill fashion" that they "comaunded their Beadle by a strong hand to carry or thrust him out of the court which comaund their Beadle obeyed and performed accordingly." Later, persisting in disturbing the Court, Clitherow appealed to a Court of Honour, with the result that Smithwick was pronounced to be in the wrong and was ordered to recant in open Court. In accordance with this decision, at a meeting held on April 17, 1640, "the said submission of the said Smithwick under his owne hand was now presented unto him to bee read and publickly acknowledged by himselfe, which hee did accordingly, but with some reluctancy and repyning." Men of his calibre are still to be found in numbers connected with almost every public company and corporation, but the means of dealing with them are less efficacious than in days of old.

A NEW FAD. ONE would think that New York had exhausted every form of amusement, but that is not so, for a new craze has just started which, for possibilities of gossip and even of scandal, is full of promise. Like all great things it is very simple, and the only necessary adjunct is a tape measure which, for ordinary purposes, need not exceed seventy-two inches. The game is self-measurement, and it may be done *per se*, or with the aid of someone else. The subject seems to have attracted attention through an incident in a law suit, during which the personal measurements of a dressmaker's model, said to be the most perfectly proportioned woman in New York, were detailed in Court and subsequently published, along with a silhouette and figured dimensions in the "Sunday World." The measurements consisted of girths, from the neck to the ankle. Of course the model was interviewed, and she informed the reporter that she had been an artist's model before becoming a Venus of the trying-on room. The secret of preserving her figure consists, she said, in simple food, moderate exercise and regular hours. Her portrait was published by the "World," wearing various handsome and becoming modern dresses. To be the most perfectly proportioned woman in New York pre-supposes a standard of beauty which may be taken from various sources, the most popular being the dressmaker's fashion plate, which is a constant but unavailing attempt to teach nature how the human form should be built. But nature is very slow to take the hint and, as the fashion plate artists have no standards of proportion, there is unlimited room for differences of opinion among the votaries of fashion, and this is just what is wanted to popularise the new amusement. What could be more interesting in a *causerie intime* than a discussion of the personal measurements of Mrs. X. or Miss Y. and a comparison with those of Mrs. A. and Miss B. It might almost originate a new style of picture post-cards. Artists and painters will, of course, have their own views on the subject, but they will be swamped by the multitude which knows and cares nothing about anatomical study. It is amazing to observe what a very poor influence schools of art have had on feminine notions of personal beauty, and the tailor-made man advertises a similar but less complete influence upon the other sex. If the new fad were taken a little more seriously, it might result in a good deal of useful information. The first step would undoubtedly be to obtain a good standard of comparison. The most convenient standard would be that of the classic statutary which is generally accepted, and with good reason, as the most perfect type of the human figure, and in order to make them comparable with any other figure of the same sex, it will be necessary to reduce each measurement to a ratio of the height. For example, if the height is 5ft. 11in. *i.e.* seventy-one inches and the chest measurement forty-four inches, the latter is 61·9 per cent. of the former, and if a person of 5ft. 9in. would compare his waist measurement with the taller man, he must do it in this way. The following table has been calculated from the measurements of two famous statues. The Venus di Medici and the fighting Gladiator, taking the height in both cases as representing 100. A third column is added giving the percentages taken from an artist's female model in Bombay by way of comparison:

Height 100, 100, 100; Length across arms extended 98·4, 98·6, 103·0; Length Leg 46·9, 49·4, 47·8; Length Foot 14·3, 13·6, 16·1; Girth of Neck 20·9, 20·2, 23·5; Girth of Shoulders 65·5, 61·4, 69·0; Girth of Chest 58·4, 56·9, 61·9; Girth of Upper arm 19·25, 17·1, 21·0; Girth of Waist 45·0, 40·4, 47·1; Girth of Hips 60·65, 60·7, 56·3; Girth of Thigh 35·2, 34·6, 35·1; Girth of Calf 22·2, 19·06, 23·9; Girth of Ankle 12·4, 12·04, 14·1; Girth of Wrist 11·47, 8·94, 10·57.

The above table represents three very fine types of humanity, all free from artificial deformation, and it illustrates a method of comparison, not only of persons of different stature, but also of different types. Among Europeans certain close correspondences have been observed between certain measurements of the body. The total height and distance across the extended arms from finger-tip to finger-tip are often identical, also the waist girth and the length of the leg, and the girths of the neck and calf. The girth of the wrist is about one-half that of the neck. A study of the human figure on the above lines could not be regarded as time utterly wasted; it would help to correct many erroneous views on the subject which are entertained in every class of society.

THE COBURGER KINGS. PRINCE ARTHUR OF CONNAUGHT, who is going to Lisbon to attend the funeral of the late King and Crown Prince, as the representative of King Edward, will have the saddest of associations with the Western Peninsular. The last time he visited that quarter of Europe was as the representative of his august Uncle at the wedding of the young King of Spain with the Princess Ena of Battenberg, on which occasion a diabolical attempt was made to assassinate the bride and bridegroom; an occurrence which, although unsuccessful in its object, was even more fatal than the attack upon the Portuguese royalties. Prince Arthur, by the way, is related to the Braganza family,—who are really Saxe-Coburgs,—and there is a curious affinity between the present dynasties of Portugal and Britain, which may account for the strong affection which existed between the dead King and King Edward. Both these monarchs are descended from Queens who went to Coburg for husbands; and there is no doubt that in their general excellence as monarchs, in their love of sport and the open air, and in their tendency to stoutness as well as in their natural "kingliness" the dead monarch and our own King-Emperor resembled each other much more than they did any other members of the great family of the European royalties. Nothing so stupendously tragic as the assassination of King Carlos and his son has occurred since the murder of the late King of Servia and Queen Draga.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday raised its rate for Demand Loans on the security of Government Paper to 9 per cent. per annum.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. "Egypt" with the homeward Mails of the 1st instant arrived at Aden at 11 p.m. on Wednesday the 5th.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s., "Arabia" with the outward Mails of the 31st ultimo passed Suez at 11 p.m., on Wednesday the 5th February.

THE Austrian Lloyd's S.S. "Africa," from Bombay arrived at Aden on the afternoon of the 6th instant.

THE Florio and Rubattino s. s. "Levanzo," from Bombay, arrived at Hongkong on the 6th instant.

MR. G. A. ANDERSON, Senior Government Inspector, Madras, we understand, retires on expiration of his leave.

IT is stated that the Madras Railway is to be worked as a State line until next June when the new arrangement comes into force.

THE King has nominated his horse "Flaxman" for the Grand National Steeplechase, for which there are seventy-one entries.

MR. MAXWELL, Postmaster-General, Punjab, officiates as Director-General of Post Office in India, vice Mr Stewart-Wilson proceeding in March on eight months' furlough leave.

THE reports of the various local directors of the Victoria Memorial, now published, show fifty lakhs of rupees in the Bank of Bengal and five lakhs of outstanding subscription.

THE names of Sir Herbert Risley and Mr. J. O. Miller are mentioned in connection with the officiating Lieutenant-Governorship of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

The Railway Board has accepted the tender of Messrs. Millars' Karri & Jarrah Company (1602), Limited. of Bombay, for the supply of 3,15,000 West Australian Jarrah wood sleepers for Rs 15 1/2 lakhs.

THE "Indian Daily News" states that Mr. Cadell, Private Secretary to the Governor of Bombay, succeeds Mr Morshead as Collector of Customs, Calcutta, the latter succeeding Mr. Knyvelt as Inspector General of Police in Bengal.

A GERMAN JEW, named Lyne, has been arrested at Aberdeen on a charge of having defrauded of £2,000, at Bristol, one of a hundred women whom he was to have married. The extraordinary part, of course, is how he managed to get into Aberdeen.

DURING the week ending 4th February 619 chests of opium were removed from warehouse in Bombay. Of these, 612 ½ were shipped to China, 4 to Cutch Mandvi and 2 ½ were purchased by the Farmer at Poona. During the week 728 ½ chests were imported from Indore.

THE greatest number of sailors ever assembled for united worship under the Southern Cross recently attended Service in St. Paul's Cathedral, Melbourne. The Service was held under the auspices of the Merchant Service Guild, and was attended by 260 Officers, petty officers, and men of the Merchant Service, and 106 Officers, men, and cadets from the Commonwealth naval forces. The Archbishop of Melbourne preached, and the Bands of His Majesty's ship "Powerful" and the Commonwealth naval forces also took part.

IN response to the Government of Bombay's request for opinions on points to be considered by the Decentralisation Commission, the Karachi Chamber of Commerce informed the Commissioner in Sind that in its opinion the Local Governments should not be given borrowing powers; that the present functions of Port Trusts and Municipalities did not need enlargement; and that the transfers of Judicial Officers in the Punjab were unnecessarily frequent and much to the prejudice of mercantile interests. Upon other heads of enquiry the Chamber was not prepared to express any opinion.

THE Secretary of State has communicated with the Government of India regarding the desirability of undertaking legislation in India on the lines of the English Life Assurance Companies Act of 1870. Local opinions are accordingly being invited and information regarding the operations of each Assurance Company is being collected. One of the questions to be discussed is the desirability of demanding a deposit or some other security, from Insurance Companies operating in India, but registered in countries the laws of which do not provide for a deposit or other suitable security.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending February 4 was 759, giving a death-rate of 38·34 per annum per thousand as against 39·35 the corresponding period of last year, and 62·51 the average over the past five years. Of the total number, 75 died from fevers; 35, plague; 8, small-pox; 14, measles; 1, leprosy; 52, phthisis; 33, diseases of the nervous system; 219, affections of the respiratory organs; 41, diarrhœa; 23, dysentery; 38, still-born; 110, old-age and debility; 9, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 15; Brahmin, 22; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 4; Hindu of other castes, 380; Hindu low caste, 83; Musalman, 160; Parsee, 19; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 24; Eurasian, 3; European, 7; The total number of births was 379 as against 354 the corresponding period of last year, and 351 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

SCHOOL FOR PRINCESSES.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JANUARY 17.

Everyone is looking forward eagerly to the opening of Parliament by the King and Queen on January 28th. The session promises to be one of momentous interest. Last session, it will be remembered, the Suffragists kept Parliament in a state of siege and mounted police had to guard the entrances This session the periodical raids will be of a twofold character, the Women's Freedom League having decided to adopt the militant tactics of the Women's Social and Political Union. A three days Women's Parliament has been summoned by the enterprising ladies of the latter association, and it will be held within a stone's throw of the House of Commons!

The few weeks following the State opening will be given over to a round of social functions in which their Majesties will take an active part. Courts, levees and many dinners are planned and the King and Queen will no doubt feel ready for their holiday on February 29th—this is leap year. On that date they leave London for Paris where they will make a short stay and proceed afterwards to the south of France. Last spring the King spent many weeks at Biarritz but this year the Vosges district will probably claim the Royal visitors. The suggestion is that they should take the waters at Contrexeville and spend a couple of days at Epinal.

SCHOOL FOR PRINCESSES.

How democratic we are now-a-days! It has long been the custom for a Princess of the blood to be sent to our great public schools and the results have been entirely satisfactory. English Princesses, however, have hitherto been educated in their own homes. The Princess of Wales, I hear on excellent authority, may set a new precedent. The education of the English girl has always been a subject in which she has taken a deep personal interest and it is her wish that her little daughter should have the advantages of education in one of the many magnificent schools for girls which have sprung up as the result of the insistent demand for the higher education of women. At the present moment the Princess is having careful inquires made and the choice of school may be announced shortly. Hitherto, the little Princess has been educated at home by her governess and in certain subjects by her brothers' tutors. She is a bright, intelligent child with a gift for languages. The Princess of Wales, who is a thorough housewife, has had her daughter taught the the housewifery arts and the little Princess is an expert needlewoman.

THE FEMALE SHYLOCK.

Women of the upper classes have long winked at the provisions of the Money Lenders Act of 1900 which demands that the money-lender should register name and address. It is an open secret that the fashionable modistes, for instance, sometimes conduct an extensive and lucrative business as usurers under the rose, of course. In such cases the amount lent to a client and the heavy interest exacted is entered up on the bill, where it may figure as an evening toilette, flounced with Point de Venise and trimmed with precious stone. This of course is for the edification of the husband who pays. The woman money-lender, however, is not peculiar to the West End. A sordid little tragedy of mean streets found its way into the newspapers the other day. A wretched woman who had fallen into the coils of a woman money-lender, driven mad by money worries, had taken her own life, and at the inquest some sensational details of the methods of women money-lenders in these poor districts of London were revealed. Yesterday I saw the Rector of the parish in which the principal actors in this little tragedy of cupidity and despair lived. It is in the poorest part of Bermondsey where the casual nature of the employment makes the people peculiarly dependent on the money-lender. There were scores of women money-lenders, the Rev. Herbert Williams told me, within a little more than a stone's throw of the Clergy House. The sums lent are very trivial, ten shillings or a sovereign, but on every sovereign borrowed the victim has to pay at the very least one and eight pence a week, which amounts to considerably over four hundred per cent. per annum. This rate of one penny in the shilling, however, is regarded as fairly reasonable by the money-lender's clientile, half a crown per pound being very frequently charged. Untold misery, it is found, follows on the track of these female Shylocks and an influential effort is going to be made to induce the police to put the Act into operation against the unregistered money-lender.

SOCIETY GIRLS AS LAUNDRESSES.

The Laundry Bill is now one of the most alarming items on the domestic budget. Fashion at the present moment dictates that we shall wear dainty frills and embroidered collars. The pleated Jabot of delicate cambric is almost essential with the tailor-made and even the afternoon toilettes have daintily embroidered cambric collars turned over a neat black taffetas stock. While these little etceteras which are, the making of a smart toilette, are not at all expensive in the first place, the cost of laundering them is enormous and many girls moving in good society economise by doing up their frills and collars themselves. Home laundry sets, neatly packed into little leather cases, are the welcome novelty at one of the big stores. There are electric irons which may be adjusted to electric light fixtures, and electric irons with their own batteries, but more generally practical than the one and less bulky and complicated than the other are the sets with diminutive iron and spirit-lamp fitting into each other, and all packed in a small case in company with a flask of alcohol. Add to this one of the little folding ironing boards covered with flannel and fitting into a pretty silk or cretonne case and one has an outfit which should make amateur laundry work a joy.

TITLED MILLINER'S MARRIAGE.

There was an interesting wedding at the Roman Catholic Church in Spanish Place yesterday afternoon when Countess Fabbricotti was married to Count Charles Aliotti, the Italian Ambassador acting as best man. The Countess is one of the best known women in the West End, her hat shop off Bond-street being the rendezvous of hosts of fashionable women who pine for the very latest and newest in millinery fashions. It was the clever Countess who set the fashion in night caps a few seasons ago, when there was a tremendous run on the fascinating little caps of lace and net known as the Fabbricotti night caps.

Another interesting wedding which will take place after the opening of Parliament is that of Lady Cynthia Crewe-Milnes, the twin daughter of Lord Crewe. Lady Cynthia's twin sister was married two or three seasons ago. There will be a great gathering of political notabilities at the coming wedding. Lady Cynthia, who is marrying the Hon. George Colville will be attended by her cousin Lady Helen Grahame and Lady Elizabeth Grimstone. The bridegroom is a brother of Lord Colville of Culross.

MYSTERY OF THE DIAMONDS.

The very idea of being able to make one's own diamonds is enough to set the average woman into transports of joy. No wonder then that the case which has come to be called the mystery of the diamonds should be attracting everyone's attention.

Some time ago M. Lemoine, a French scientist, approached Sir Julius Wernher, of the de Beers diamond mines, and offered to sell him a secret for making diamonds, asking £64,000 for preliminary expenses. Sir Julius appears at first to have thought that there was something in the discovery but eventually informed the police and gave Lemoine into custody on a charge of attempting to extort money by fraud. Lemoine, who is now awaiting his trial in Paris, insists that his discovery is genuine and has offered to demonstrate his ability to make diamonds before a dozen policemen if necessary. The most extraordinary part of the affair is that in the Union of London and Smiths Bank in London is an envelope which Lemoine says contains his formula, but which he will not have opened until Sir Julius pays him the £64,000 or makes some satisfactory arrangement.

Many distinguished people have been greatly interested in the case and in particular Lord Armstrong, the nephew of the founder of the famous gun works, has declared that he is convinced that Lemoine has found the secret of making diamonds. In fact Lord Armstrong goes so far as to say that he believes that Lemoine has discovered the "Philosopher's Stone!" There has been a tendency of recent years, with the price of South African diamonds steadily rising, to buy diamonds as an investment. Many women have done this and the news of the alleged discovery has caused intense excitement.

DEARER PEARLS.

Speaking of precious stones the London jewellers are once again contemplating putting up the price of pearls. The increase in the market price of pearls during the last quarter of a century is phenomenal and far outdistances the rise in diamonds. Pearls of the first water, perfect in shape and lustre, have increased in value at the rate of six or seven hundred per cent. Once the chosen ornament of the debutante in her first season, pearls are to-day the favourite stone of wealthy women of all ages. At the Opera last season, there were quite as many pearls as diamonds to be seen. Even the tiara was of pearls with the addition of two or three large diamonds. The Duchess of Devonshire, the Marchioness of Lansdowne and the Marchioness of Londonderry were among the society leaders who affected pearls on great occasions last season. The anticipated rise in the price of pearls is the immediate result of the failure of the pearl fisheries. Very few good pearls, it is expected, will come into the market during the next twelve months.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE IDEAL OF BEAUTY.

Every people creates for itself a different ideal of beauty. No doubt the man who is at once robust and supple is admired by all; and European travellers, little as they can sympathise with the taste of savages, are yet unanimous in admiring the beauty of their form; for strength and agility are always manifested by the same anatomical characters.

But the features of the face, the appearance of the hair, and the colour of the skin, vary much in different races; and here there is a separate ideal for each race. "Mr. Toad likes Mrs. Toad," as the saying goes.

According to Quetelet and the anthropologists, the type of beauty developed by each nation is its own physiological mean. In what is called composite photography, several persons are photographed on the same plate by making on it some fine marks, so that the corresponding parts of each face, nose, eyes, etc., can be reproduced at the same spot; thus a single face is obtained which is a blend of the individual ones. But this is not the way in which our brain works to arrive at the idea of the beautiful; all the faces are not retained by our memory in an equal degree, on the contrary, they are selected. Observe the youth who is beginning to take notice of women; he quickly turns away from the plain and the painted ones, his memory only retains those he thinks good looking. His judgment is already influenced by an anterior education; furthermore, to make up his ideal, he picks out in one woman a part which he regards as perfect, in another a different one. So, to quote Winkelmann, "Zeuxis, wishing to form a perfect Juno, chose five of the most beautiful women he could find at Crotona, and copied from each her finest peculiarities, not considering that a particular part of limb, though perfect in itself might not be suited to any other body but that to which it belonged."

It is easy to understand why an artist does not utilise the canons that have been constructed for his use by taking measurements from a large number of individuals and calculating their averages. He chooses for his model the subject that best satisfies him without seeking for more. He regards all those figures that have been given him under the head of canons as useful at first in saving him from the protection of gross blunders in proportion, and he smiles derisively when an anthropologist asks, at the School of Art, where the canon is—a question actually put by one of our most eminent masters!

In making his choice the artist must keep to the, real; to obtain his ideal he must change his model. "For the ideal is the beautiful in a degree of perfection superior to real beauty; it is not the contrary of the real, but the real idealised, purified" (Hegel). Let us appeal to ethnographic science; does the ideal of the savage correspond to this conception? Man admires himself, he prizes above all the characteristic features of his race, they are for him the supreme beauty, and he exaggerates them still further; thus he comes to constitute for himself an ideal which he transcribes in his art. Hottentot women are afflicted with steatopygia; for their husbands, those whose buttocks are most prominent are most beautiful. The African negroes delight in the elongated and flaccid loins of their women; their rude statuettes of wood exaggerate this characteristic. To increase the bulk of their breasts the negresses of the shores of Lake Tanganyika cause them to be bitten by ants. The lips of the negro races are naturally thick; to enlarge them still more certain tribes (the Kassonkes and the Tereras) stick thorns into them and thus keep up an irritation which causes hypertrophy. Their jaws are also prominent, and this prognathism is increased by the Wolova women of Senegal, who force the incisor teeth, when they begin to appear, to take a forward direction, by continuous pressure with the tongue. The Khirgiz, Hottentots, Buxhmen, etc., who have naturally flat noses, do their best to crush them flatter. The Ainos of the island of Yeso are very hairy: so the Aino woman paints on her face the semblance of an abundant moustache. On the other hand the Redskins almost beardless, pluck out the few hairs they have.

Similar exaggerations are practised among civilised nations. The Persians have thin, acquiline noses, and develope this shape still further by lateral compression. In ancient Egypt large almond-eyes were so admired that they used to exaggerate this conformation by prolonging the outer angle of the eye in a horizontal pencilled line; a custom which has been represented in all the sculptures of that epoch. The Japanese have slanting eyes, so they draw these features still more obliquely. A Siamese beauty should have eyebrows arched in form of a crescent, and they are so represented in statues.

Coming to the races universally recognised as highly artistic, we find that the Japanese always picture the same conventional type of female beauty. It occurs identically on all the kakemonos; a singular type having the face extremely elongated, the nose continuous in profile with the line of the forehead, the eyes excessively oblique; the whole is not unpleasing. It is a rare enough sort of beauty in Japan, where the plebeian woman has a short, round face, but it is to be found in patrician ladies, and those of high rank at court.

The Greek profile appears to us the perfection of the human type. It consists in the line of the nose more or less directly prolonging that of the forehead, the hollow at the root of the nose being thus effected, while the projection of the bridge is smoothed away. In creating it the sculptors of antiquity exaggerated a type which they had chiefly the opportunity of observing in the aristocratic and lettered class of their nation; it still exists in Asia Minor.

To attain the ideal, then, artists in every age and in all nations have exaggerated the characteristics that they thought most perfect in the model they had chosen. Were they always wrong in so altering the truth? Exaggeration, like all our tendencies, has a good or bad result, according to the use that is made of it. I am far from admiring it when it develops beyond measure certain beast like characters of our physognomy, such as projection of the jaws and teeth, or thickness of the lips. But when it accentuates those facial lines that indicate intelligence, by strengthening the thoughtful forehead, by heightening prominences that give attachment to the muscles concerned in the expression of noble feelings, and by reducing, on the other hand, the bulk of the jaws, the organs of mastication, it presents to us an enviable ideal.

The ideal of the most civilised nations ought to be preferred as being the most highly evolved.

This study leads to the conclusion that the ideal ought to mark the features that are in process of development, and to represent the generations of the future. It will be objected that it is very difficult to affirm what these latter will be. The anatomist may, however, furnish us with this indication. At Chaspey of Toulouse shows that the white man is evolving towards a type with nine pairs of ribs, through the disappearance of the first and the last two. Consequently the neck, freed at its base, will become longer and more mobile. The lumbar column will lose some of its fixity; the waist will be more flexible, the flanks more slender. Such a structure favours rapidity and precision of movements at expense of their vigour: a desirable object since the progress in mechanics tends to relieve humanity of all effort. Anatomy, anthropology and æsthetics are here plainly in accord towards enabling us to fix the ideal conception, about which there has hitherto been so much debate, and to see in it the progressive and perfect form of humanity.—Felix Regnault in the "International Review."

THE recent Japanese Cabinet crisis is explained under Japanese inspiration, to be caused by the difficulty, not peculiar to that country, of adjusting the demands of the spending department to the limits of the revenue. Ample resources exist to meet the ordinary revenue, but it is admitted that some embarrassment is caused by the extensive programme of extraordinary outlays sanctioned for the next few years. This year special funds are available in the shape of surpluses, and of the large payment for the Russian prisoners. "It is felt, however," it is added, "that some permanent scheme of adjustment should be found. The desired result may be reached by further raising of loans, by increasing taxation, or by reducing the proposed expenditure. As strong objections to relying on any one of these alternative exist, the solution would probably lie in a compromise in which all three methods are combined."

WHIPPING IN INDIA.

REFERENCE IN THE COMMONS.

Act to be Revised.

PUNISHMENT DURING FAMINE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

In the House of Commons, Sir Henry Cotton asked the Secretary of State for India whether, in view of the fact that whippings for petty thefts in India increased during famine years, he would instruct the Government of India that such punishment should not be inflicted during the present year.

Mr. Morley, in reply, said that he believed that Magistrates would make due allowance for poverty and destitution, and that special instructions were unnecessary.

Legislation for amending the Whipping Act would be undertaken during the Calcutta Session.

REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS.

Debate Fixed for Discussion in Parliament.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

In the House of Commons, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman granted a special day to discuss reduction of Armaments. It is understood that this is owing to pressure by the Radicals.

LATER.

An important Radical Section of the Ministerialists has made strong representations to Mr. Asquith regarding the necessity of reducing naval and military expenditure.

This accounts for the sudden withdrawal of Mr. Macdonald's motion for the reduction of Armaments, which might have led to the defeat of the Government, and for Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman agreeing to give a day for general discussion on Armaments.

BRITAIN AND OPIUM TRADE.

The Bishop of London on the Shanghai Trade.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

Speaking at a Convocation, the Bishop of London, in moving a resolution urging the obligation of Britain to co-operate with China in restricting the consumption of opium, said that it was a humiliating fact that, while the opium dens were closed in the Chinese Quarters of Shanghai, they were not closed in the Foreign Settlement.

THE TRANSVAAL SETTLEMENT.

Mr. Smuts Quibbles.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

Mr. Smuts, speaking at Johannesburg, denied that the Government had climbed down regarding the Asiatic Settlement. He eulogised the Imperial Government for not intervening.

THE ALGERIAN DISASTER.

Geodetic Party Safe.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

A telegram from Algiers states that the missing Geodetic survey party is safe.

UNOPPOSED BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

Mr. Agar-Robartes, who was unseated at Bodmin in 1906, has been elected unopposed for the St. Anstell Division.

AMERICA AND ASIATICS.

Convention of Exclusion Leagues.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

A Convention of Asiatic Exclusion Leagues has opened at Seattle.

The representative of the American Federation of Labour delivered an impassioned Anti-Japanese speech.

THE AMERICAN PRESIDENTSHIP.

Mr. Bryan's Candidature.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

Mr. Bryan has opened his Presidential campaign at New York. He denounced trusts and endorsed President Roosevelt's policies, which he declared the Republicans would never carry out.

COUNTESS OF YARMOUTH.

Marriage Annulled.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 5.

The Countess of Yarmouth has obtained a decree of nullity of her marriage.

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

Colonel Ellison has been appointed Director of Organisation and Mobilization.

One of the most remarkable features in the railway returns is the great increase in the earnings of lines in Burma. The mileage now is 1,474 or 134 more than in the official year 1906-07, but this small expansion can scarcely account for a rise of over Rs. 8 lakhs in the gross receipts from the 1st April, 1907, to the 11th January, 1908. The total amount is nearly Rs. 124 lakhs, which is within Rs. 20 lakhs of the sum earned by the Oudh and Rohilkhand broad gauge line in the same period. Burma, adds the "Pioneer," has, comparatively speaking, a small population and hence the passenger-traffic is not great, but the carriage of merchandise is extremely profitable and hence the continued expansion of the earnings on the Railways in spite of the competition by river of the Irrawaddy Flotilla Co.

THE OUTLOOK IN PORTUGAL.

Freedom to the Press Re-established.

PARLIAMENTARY IMMUNITY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEBRUARY 6.

King Manuel has signed decrees restoring the liberty of the press and parliamentary immunity.

The Administrative Commissions in the towns, with which Senhor Franco replaced the Municipalities are resigning.

LATER.

King Manuel has declared that the new Ministers are unshakeably faithful to the constitution and under no circumstances will they resort to a Dictatorship.

Reuter wires from Lisbon that it is noteworthy that the greatest regrets are everywhere expressed for the death of the Crown Prince, but none for that of the King.

The signs of public mourning are everywhere of the sparsest character.

THE NEW MINISTRY.

The Viscomte de Wrem, the Consul-General for Portugal in Bombay has just received the following Official Telegram:—Prime Minister and Home Secretary, Almirante Ferreira do Amaral; Justice, Campos Henriques; Finances, Espregueira; War, Colonel Sebastiao Telles; Marine and Colonies, Almirante Castilho; Foreign, Wenceslau da Lima; Public Works, Calvet Magalhaes.

JUDGE AND BAR AT VARIANCE.

Serious Contretemps at Rangoon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEBRUARY 6.

As the following resolutions will show and which were adopted by some members of the Rangoon Bar at a specially convened meeting, an irreconcilable rupture exists between them and the Judge, an I. C. S., man who is concerned. The incident has caused a great sensation and the Chief Judge's decision, to whom the matter has been referred, is anxiously awaited:—

(1) That this meeting protests against the orders passed by Mr. Cope, District Judge of Hanthawaddy, in respect of the employment of interpreters and the language of pleadings etc., in the District Court of Hanthawaddy contrary to the practice obtaining hitherto.

(2) This meeting most emphatically protests against the unbecoming language used and the imputations made in the order of Mr. Cope, District Judge of Hanthawaddy, on the 3rd February, 1908, and published in the "Rangoon Gazettes" of the 5th February, and in particular condemns the use by Mr. Cope of the following words: "I imagined this application (relating to the postponing of the inforcement of the order) to be "bona fide," but the sequel shows that the object of it was merely to make incorrect representations to the Chief Judge and to publish a scurrilous libel containing six deliberate lies about me in the "Rangoon Gazette." There are certain states of inexperience of which one need not be ashamed and of these not the least is the inexperience of the pleaders practising in this Court. This incident has afforded me an insight into the ways of conducting a discussion which is little short of a revelation."

And this meeting is of opinion that all possible measures should be adopted to get these words deleted from the record and to obtain a satisfactory expression of regret in open Court from the Judge concerned in respect thereof, and that unless the apology, above referred to, be given by Monday 10th instant the members of the Bar do refuse to appear in his Court.

TRADES ASSOCIATION FOR HYDERABAD.

Inaugurated at Secunderabad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, FEBRUARY 6.

Last night a representative meeting of merchan's and traders was held in People's Hall, Secunderabad and at which was inaugurated the Secunderabad Trades Association by unanimous consent. It was decided to work the new Association on the same lines as the Associations in Calcutta, the Punjab, Bombay, and Madras. Mr. Pardey was elected President, Mr. Cameron, Secretary, and a Committee consisting of Mr. Moos, Mr. Laver, Mr. Burton and Mr. Metzker, was formed.

The newly elected President pointed out to the meeting the increasing importance of Secunderabad and the great need there was for an Association so that questions which often crop up in connection with the Conduct of trades might be dealt with and determined. The first matter brought before the new Association was the V. P. P. scheme that is proposed to be introduced between the United Kingdom and India. After a long discussion it was resolved to protest against the scheme as it would be detrimental to the trading firms in the Station and the Association would ally themselves with the Trade Associations in other parts of India. The V. P. P. scheme was especially inadvisable for Hyderabad where Military Officers were exempt from the 5 per cent. duty levied on imported goods by His Highness's Government.

THE CALCUTTA ASIATIC SOCIETY.

Justice Mukerjee's Presidential Address.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

Presiding at the Annual Meeting of the Asiatic Society here last night, Justice Mukerjee said that he looked forward to considerable light being thrown upon some of the dark corners of Indian History and Antiquities by the investigation now being conducted by Mahomapadhya S. C. Bidyabhusan into Indian Logic as preserved in Tibet, which would enable the secluded monks of Tibet to reflect back to India the light which they borrowed centuries ago and which has now disappeared from amongst ourselves.

THE RAJA OF MANIPUR.

Installed on the Gadi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

Sir Lancelot Hare yesterday installed the Raja of Manipur on the Gadi. The ceremony at Manipur, in the ancient crowning place of the Manipur Chiefs, was an impressive one. It was witnessed by a large gathering including the Manipur public, the State officials, the European residents and the troops.

His Honour the Lieutenant Governor leaves by motor to-morrow for the Naga Hills.

CALCUTTA COAL SHARES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUAY 6.

Referring to the position of the Coal Share Market which is now quieter here, "Capital" says:—There seems to be no immediate prospect of a fall in the price of coal though an increased output may mean a great deal, but the increased output has not yet come to any appreciable extent.

SERIES OF SHOCKING MURDERS.

Confession of Prisoners in Bangalore Jail.

EXHUMING THE BODIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BANGALORE, FEBRUARY 6.

In connection with the recent case of attempted murder in Ulsoor, a suburb of Bangalore, a series of brutal, though cleverly contrived, murders have been brought to light by the confession of the accused.

The facts of the original case are that a gang of three men enticed away to Ulsoor a young man from Bangalore City and after drugging him attempted to murder him by cutting the victim's throat, removing at the same time jewels valued at Rs. 250, but alarm was given and the police arrived just in time to arrest the three conspirators.

The injured man subsequently recovered and his statement was recorded.

In the meantime the accused, who are in the Jail lock-up, confessed to having committed six murders during the last couple of years, one being the case of a woman from Ulsoor who was taken to Bangalore City, given brandy and arsenic, then chloroformed and her throat cut and valuable jewels on her person removed, the body being tied up in a sack and thrown into a large tank near Messrs. Binny's Cotton Mills. The body was never identified and the perpetrators' deed not traced.

These three accused have now confessed to that murder, and the man who administered the chloroform, a native chemist, has been arrested and has admitted his complicity in the crime.

They have also confessed to murdering a man for jewels some two years ago and burying him in an untenanted house in the heart of the city. They indicated the spot when the Mysore City Police dug up the floor of the house exhuming the skeleton of a man.

The accused have also confessed to inveigling another young man from the city, murdering him in Ulsoor, burying his body in a disused house in Ulsoor and then going to the Kolar Gold Field and wiring from there, in the boy's name, to his parents assuring them he had obtained a good employment in Kolar and thus putting his people off the scent.

Another boy, a Brahmin, was kidnapped from Madras, was taken to Ulsoor, drugged with chloroform and buried alive after being stripped of his jewels.

All these bodies will be exhumed by order of the District Magistrate to-morrow morning.

The accusedś' confessions are entirely circumstantial and the murders appear to have been committed under the most brutal circumstances and with considerable amount of boldness which has excited the greatest sensation in Bangalore.

Numerous arrests among apparently respectable people implicated in these series of crimes have been made, and the police are working hard to find connecting links in this most astounding series of murders.

PESHAWAR CITY RAIDERS.

Notice of Defiance on the City Gate.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 6.

The Peshawar correspondent wires to the "Pioneer":—A few mornings ago a derisive notice written in Urdu, and purporting to come from some of the gang of Zakka Khels who recently raided Peshawar City, was found posted up near one of the gates leading into Peshawar City. The paper was headed "notice from Usman and Multan" and said that in spite of Government employes who had sold themselves for five of six rupees a month they, the writers, were able to get into Peshawar when they wished and could not be caught.

It went on to say that the writers of the notice were going away that day but would soon return and that they intended to catch some high official.

There is of course no clue to the identity of the writer of this curious notice and speculation is rife as to whether it is a spice of bravado on the part of Multan and his gang.

RUMOURS OF A PUNITIVE EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEBRUARY 5.

Information reaches us from Rawalpindi of an approaching campaign against the Zakka Khels.

The Supply and Transport Departments are very busy, and at least one mule carde has been sent to Nowshera.

The 2nd Gordon Highlanders, who were on their way to Jullunder, have been detained here until further orders.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT AT SEALDAH.

Capture of the Alleged Culprit.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

The police have arrested a West-Indian named William Grant, of the E. B. S. Railway, at Sealdah, on a charge of making a murderous assault on Private Plant, York and Lancaster Regiment, and wounding Bombardier Hitchcock who interfered in the assault.

It appears Private Plant and Kellner and Bombardier Hitchcock are employed on the E B. S. Railway in place of the native drivers who went on strike. These men met the West-Indian at the Railway Hotel near Sealdah Railway Station where all had drinks. After that Grant left and Kellner followed him, the other two followed Kellner whom they found having an altercation with Grant. As a fight seemed inevitable, Plant interfered when Grant is alleged to have stabbed him in the left breast with a knife. On Hitchcock interfering he also received a wound, one finger of the right hand being cut off.

Grant then absconded. The injured men were removed to hospital and on their statement a search was made for Grant who was found and arrested, but he denied all knowledge of the assault. Charges have been framed against him and he will in due course be placed on his trial.

Grant's condition is said to be serious.

TELEGRAPH AND POSTAL STAMPS.

Desirable Changes Sanctioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 6.

The "Pioneer" says:—Sanction has, we understand, been given to the abolition of double-headed stamps now usual for telegrams in India and ordinary postage stamps are to be employed for prepaid telegrams and receipts will be given for messages. There will thus be one class of stamp only for postal inland revenue and telegraphic purposes a reform which should be most acceptable to the commercial community and the general public.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS.

The Jumping Contest.

Another change of programme was presented last evening at the Harmston's Circus and the items were as interesting as those on the previous programme. The artistes did full justice to their respective part and the clever performances were appreciated by the large audience. Still further attraction in the shape of jumping contest comes off to-night. This competition being open to local ponies and horses a large number of entries have been received. The ring is open for practice from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. to accustom the horses to the lights. There is to be a Matinee performance to-morrow at 4 p.m.

ATTEMPTED ASSAULT ON A JUDGE.

Prisoner Aggrieved by Sentence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 6.

A daring attempt to assault Mr. C. Rustomji' Sessions Judge of Allahabad, was made on Wednesday afternoon by a prisoner named Abdulla, an old offender. Mr. Rustomji was sitting in his Court Room and had sent for Abdulla to deliver Judgment in a case of house-breaking for which he was tried recently. On the prisoner being placed in dock he was informed by the Judge that he was found guilty and that the sentence of the Court was that he should suffer rigorous imprisonment for ten years. On this, the prisoner who had somehow secured a large piece of kunkur and secreted it about his person threw it with force at the Judge. Fortunately the stone struck the railing in front of the Judge's table and fell to the ground.

The prisoner was immediately taken to Mr. C. Moore, the Joint Magistrate, for trial for this fresh offence when he admitted aiming a stone but said that he did so because the sentence of ten years was unjust as he was innocent. The Magistrate convicting Abdulla of attempting to cause grievous hurt sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment with three months solitary confinement.

The prisoner is nearly seventy years old and has had a number of previous convictions.

THE ALLEN SHOOTING CASE.

Students Prosecuted for Tearing down Notices.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

The "Bengalee" states that summonses have been issued against eight students in Barisal, one of them a nephew of Babu Asini Kumar Dut, for tearing down notices regarding the Allen Case.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS.

Friday, February, 7.

Fort Field Officer, Major A. W. Andrew, 116th Mahrattas; next for duty, Lieutenant W. L. Wayman, 116th Mahrattas.

Colaba Field Officer, Major T. W. G. Bryan, R.G.A.; next for duty Major A. C. Pitman, R.G.A.

Captain H. S. Jacob, (supernumerary), 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is granted two years' leave out of India, with effect from the 18th of February.

BOMBAY—ARRIVALS. FEBRUARY 6.—Lieutenan Smith, Surrey Regiment, from Mhow.

Captain Langdon, the King's, from Nasirabad.

Lieutenant McCloaghire, R. G. A., from Trichinopoly.

Major Beville, S. and T. Corps, from Poona.

Colonel Dunsterville, R. A., from Poona.

Captain Brooke, 124th Baluchis, from Laraloi.

Lieutenant Goad, 128th Pioneers, from Poona.

DEPARTURES, FEBRUARY 6.—Lieutenant Raikes S. W. Borderers, to Satara.

Lieutenant McCludden, 127th Baluchis, to Satara.

Lieutenant Anderson, 117th G. Rifles, to Satara.

Lieutenant Masters, Leicester Regiment, to Belgaum.

Captain Hogg, R. E., to Karachi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

An exchange has been approved between Captain the Hon. B. J. Russell, 29th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Karachi, and Captain J. Henry, 21st Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Birmingham. Captain Henry embarks for India on 5th February.

The following Officers, Royal Artillery, embark for duty in India on 19th February:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Carde, Royal Garrison Artillery, Captain Douglas, 57th Battery, Lieutenant Trench, 16th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Lieutenants Robinson, "E" Battery, Sadler, "E" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, 2nd Lieutenant Hankin, 1st Battery, Royal Field Artillery, 2nd Lieutenant Bacon, No. 80 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Lieutenant Roughton, 62nd Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, is appointed to the Indian Army and posted to 113th Infantry.

Lieutenant Stainton, 119th Infantry, has been selected for employment on Famine Duty in the United Provinces.

Colonel C. T. Robinson, Royal Artillery, is selected to succeed Colonel Fitzgerald as Assistant Adjutant-General, Lahore Division.

On promotion to Captain, Lieutenant Lascelles "N" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, is posted to the Royal Field Artillery in India.

Lieutenant Uniacke, "A" Ammunition Column, is posted to "N" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery.

Lieutenant Harrison, 77th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, is appointed to Royal Horse Artillery and posted to "A" Ammunition Column at Sialkot.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. G. A. Shillidy, Probationary Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police, passed on the 17th December, the examination in Law prescribed for Police Officers.

Mr. P. T. Kirkpatrick, Probationary Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police, passed on the same date an examination in Marathi.

Mr. C. H. Longely, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Great Indian Peninsula and Southern Maratha Railways, held charge of the current duties of the office of the Superintendent of Police of those Railways, in addition to his own, from the 6th to the 14th November, both days inclusive.

Mr. E. P. White, Probationary Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police, passed on the 17th December, examinations in Law and in Marathi.

Messrs A C J Bailey and D M MacDonald, Probationary Third Grade Assistant Superintendents of Police, passed on the 17th December an examination in Law.

Mr. E. P. White is confirmed as Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police with effect from the 17th December.

Mr. R. L. Sinclair, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. J. McNeill, I. C. S., on return from leave, to be Collector of Ahmednagar, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Ahmednagar District vice Mr. J. P. Orr, I. C. S., proceeding on leave.

The Reverend Charles Bernard Grey Collier has been appointed by the Secretary of State for India a Chaplain on probation on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment.

Miss E. Corkery to be Lady Superintendent, Female Normal School, Dharwar, but to continue, to act as Lady Superintendent, Female Training College and High School for Native Girls, Poona, pending further orders.

Mr. P. Wren, M.A. (Oxon.), Head Master, N. J. High School, Karachi, has been granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough on medical certificate for three months with effect from the 20th December.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—Second-Lieutenant John Ernest Buttery Hotson to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 12th August.

The services of Captain A. Miller, M.B., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India from the date of relief.

The following promotions and reversions are ordered in the Engineer Establishment:—Mr. R. T. Harrison, Assistant Engineer 1st Grade, permanent, and Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary, to be Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, permanent, and Mr. J. B. S. Thubron, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, permanent to be Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, permanent, and Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.

Mr. F. L. Sprott, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade permanent, and Superintending Engineer, Class III substantive pro-tem., is granted special leave on urgent private affairs for three months with effect from the 7th February 1908, or the subsequent date of relief.

Mr. T. W. de Winton, Superintending Engineer Class II, is appointed to act as Superintending Engineer and Secretary, Indus River Commission, in addition to his own duties as Superintending Engineer, Indus Right Bank Division, vice Mr. Sprott on leave, or until further orders.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

WRECK OF A NEW YORK BANK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, FEBRUARY 6.

London, January 25—The front portion of a Bank in the Italian quarters of New York was wrecked on the 23rd by the explosion of a bomb placed outside the building.

A quantity of bullion was scattered by the explosion, but subsequently it was all recovered by the police.

Further Prosecution of Standard Oil Co.

Further action against the Standard Oil Company has been taken on charges having been accepted on rebates from the Alton Railroad Company. The estimated charges entail £ 12,000,000 in fines.

Destruction of Parker's Buildings.

The recent fire which destroyed Parker's buildings in New York was the work of the members of an American revolutionary Society.

It is alleged in New York that the members of the Society after fruitlessly attempting to blackmail some Armenian merchants, tenants of the fourth floor of Parker's building, set fire to the structure.

Reduction in Rand Native Miners.

Professor Yates of Johannesburg considers it possible to instal 4,000 small drills in the Rand mines, thus releasing 20,000 natives.

Depression in Diamond Market.

The Diamond Syndicate has agreed with De Beers and the Premier Diamond Mining Companies to maintain prices at present level despite the depression in the market price by the recent American financial crisis.

Proposed Manchurian Railway.

China's defiant disregard of Japan's protests against the construction of the proposed Railway in Manchuria has caused surprise and indignation in Tokio.

Japan has made three protests against this undertaking, the last being made just prior to China's signing of the Agreement with a British Syndicate for the construction of the line.

Alleged War Preparations by Japan.

The St. Petersburg papers affirm that Japan is accumulating vast stores preparatory to a war.

Arrest of Russian Terrorists.

The Paris police have arrested two Russian Terrorists and claim that they have secured on the prisoners' documents revealing the whole organization of the Russian revolutionary movement and also letters affecting the Tsar's safety.

Threatened Dissolution of the Duma.

The Russian Government threatens to dissolve the Duma if credits are refused for building battleships.

Sad Death of Mrs. Arthur Kitchener.

While suffering from insomnia Mrs. Arthur Kitchener, widow of the brother of Lord Kitchener, made an exit through the porthole of the steamer "Magdalena" at Colon, Panama, and was drowned.

She was en route to Jamaica on a visit to Colonel Kitchener.

Haytian Revolution.

Mr. Mist, the United States Consul at St. Marc in Hayti, has been dismissed for complicity in the Haytian revolution.

The States Secret Service seized a large quantity of arms, ammunition and counterfeit money intended for the use of a firm in Hayti.

The Haytian revolutionary leader Jiminez is a San Domingo revolutionist.

The "Lancet" Convicted of Libel.

The "Lancet" the Medical Journal, has been mulcted in £ 1,000, damages for having published libellous comments upon Turker's Asthma specific.

Mutiny in a French Cruiser.

The Engineers aboard the French cruiser "Victor Hugo" mutinied while the vessel was at sea, and the stokers and petty officers aboard brought the cruiser to Casablanca.

Penal Servitude for Selling State Secrets.

Michaelis, a Leipzig tailor, has been sentenced to six years' penal servitude for having sold German military information to the French authorities.

Ridiculous Fall of Druce Bonds.

The assets of James Henry Farmer, a bankrupt Solicitor, included £ 100,000 worth of Druce Company bonds which realised £ 11.

Contract by a Marconigram in Mid Ocean.

While crossing the Atlantic on the "Lusitania" Mr. J. C. Williamson closed, by a Marconigram, a contract with Mrs. Sarah Bernhardt for an Australasian tour of 100 performances beginning in midsummer next year, her remuneration being nearly £ 20,000.

Candidates for U. S. Presidentship.

Mr. Hughes, the Governor of New York, in a letter to the Republican Club at New York, announces his willingness to accept nomination for the Presidentship in opposition to Mr. Taft.

The Democrats intend nominating Mr. W. J. Bryan at Denver in July.

The International Rugby Result.

In the International Rugby, Wales beat England by 23 to 15.

REPLACEMENT OF TROOPS.

Order Withdrawn on Sectarian Grounds.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 6.

With reference to the decision for the Gordon Highlanders to replace the Leinsters at Fort William the "Statesman" writes:—

"We are informed, but we publish the information with all reserve, that the cause of the sudden change is that the sanction for the use of the Anglican Church at Jullundur has been withdrawn."

This refers to the power exercised by the Bishop to withdraw his assent to the use of a church for the worship of any congregation other than that of the Church of England whenever he shall think fit.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY.

Corner Stone Laying Ceremony.

Last evening Miss Clarke performed the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the first section of the tower and choir vestry of the Church of St. Mary, the Virgin, at Parel, Bombay, in the presence of a large company of ladies and gentlemen. Originally it was arranged to have the corner stone laid by Lady Clarke, but Her Excellency was prevented from being present on account of indisposition. The church and its surroundings were tastefully decorated with flags and bunting and the band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers played selections of music.

On the arrival of Miss Clarke, she was received by Rev. P. Eykyn, the Chaplain, and Mr. E. M. Proes, Presidency Engineer, and was conducted into the church. A service immediately afterwards commenced the Right Rev. Dr. W. R. Pym, Bishop of Bombay, officiating. His Lordship was assisted by the Rev. Nelson, Domestic Chaplain; the Rev Eykyn, Chaplain of S. Virgin's Church Parel, Kanon Taylor, the Rev. Preston, of Byculla; the Rev. Hamerton, Garrison Chaplain; the Rev. Burnett, S.P.D.; the Rev. Mould, of Colaba; the Rev. Nicholson, Father Superior, St. John's; Rev. Dimishky, S. P. D.; the Rev. John, S. P. D, and the Rev. Grant, Harbour Chaplain.

The service over the congregation assembled in the compound of the church where the ceremony was to be held

The Lord Bishop, in requesting Miss Clarke to lay the foundation stone, said he knew that they must all have been rejoiced on first hearing that Her Excellency Lady Clarke was going to perform the ceremony that afternoon. He regretted that she was unfortunately unwell and unable to be present; but at the same time they must all feel gratified to find that Miss Clarke had kindly consented to take her place. He was confident that all the church people there were grateful to Miss Clarke for coming there. It was specially appropriate that some kind friend from the Government House should come there for the ceremony, because as they knew this church was Government House church some years ago, when the Government House was at Parel. It was inaugurated in 1833 by the late Sir James Fergusson, who was then Governor of Bombay, and was consecrated in 1884, but it was never completed. It had always given him great pleasure to see a lady perform a ceremony of this kind, because it was an object lesson to the world out here as to what position Christianity had given to woman and what a noble mission she had in this world. He sincerely congratulated the Chaplain, the Rev. Eykyn, on his being able to secure funds for the building that was going to be raised and on the beautiful design on which it was to be built. He hoped the Rev. Mr. Eykyn would soon be able to undertake the remaining two sections of the work that would now remain undone. He should only like to add that it would be a very great pleasure to him to give any encouragement in his power in the way of carrying this work through to completion. He would now ask Miss Clarke to lay the corner stone.

The mortar having been spread the corner stone was lowered into position under the direction of Mr. Proes, and Miss Clarke declared it to have been well and truly laid. The stone bore the following inscription:

The Corner Stone of this tower Of St. Mary's Church, Parel, was laid by Lady Clarke, wife of the Governor of Rombay.

February 6, 1908. Right Rev. W. R. Pym, D. D., Bishop. Rev. P. Eykyn, Chaplain.

Rev. Mr. Eykyn in moving a vote of thanks to Miss Clarke said Mr. Muirhead of the G. I. P. Railway had placed at his disposal a sum of Rs. 600 which would enable him to complete the second section of the tower. He would now hope to be able to secure sufficient funds from offerings to undertake the third section.

The vote was carried, and the proceedings concluded.

In the evening there was a concert, in the B. B. and C. I. Institute at Lower Parel, followed by a dance.

LADY MAUD WARRENDER'S CONCERT.

For once in a way the Bombay Town Hall was quite full last evening when Lady Maud Warrender held her concert in aid of the Cathedral Organ Fund. One necessarily has in mind a recent concert when a world-famed Prima Donna appeared, supported by a company of clever artists, but in drawing a comparison last evening's concert suffers nothing. Lady Maud herself has attained fame as a vocalist amongst the most genuinely critical audience and she gathered around her the very best talent obtainable in Bombay. The cause itself, a most worthy one, no doubt acted as an incentive to the local public to attend the concert, but beyond this was the knowledge that the whole programme was to be of the best, and as we have already said, the Town Hall presented an unwonted appearance, not that the evening was without blemish. Foremost one must place the flashlight photograph nuisance which filled the hall with smoke. Next comes the use of the fans in a cruel system which allowed one to get warm, for it was another cold night, and then drove down a chilling blast in which fur coats would have been acceptable, indeed those who went out during the interval returned to find that they were warmer in the open air. No doubt the lesson will be learned and the fans will be used in future more moderately, a matter easily arranged. Of the contributors to the programme the most noteworthy were Lady Maud and Miss Clarke. Entirely different in their styles of singing and as different in their voices both would rank high were they ever to adopt singing as a profession. Of Lady Maud's items the best were Handel's "Largo" and "Three Fishers went Sailing," in which Hullah has found the true music to express Kingsley's sad words. In striking contrast in this respect is Madame Liza Lehmann's failure to interpret the well-known verses which close Fitzgerald's translation of the Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam, excellently sung by Mr. Faulkner despite his handicap. Perhaps, with the two pieces mentioned, should rank "Two Eyes of Grey," the deep notes of which and of one of the encores "I bid my love" gave Lady Maud her best chances.

Miss Clarke opened with Bizet's "Habanera" (Carmen) so charmingly sung that the audience would not be satisfied until she returned and sang "I know a lovely Garden." Later Miss Clarke sang "Myrra" and the ever popular "When love is kind" with "When the flowers in my garden" as an encore, all delightfully rendered and too soon over. Miss Clara Procter's voice is too well-known in Bombay to need aught but mention that she sang a song as sweetly as ever. An instrumental item was contributed by Mrs. Hick who gave a rendering of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, surprising to those who have only heard it sombrely rendered in its usual locale and her encore, when she played the Elfin dance music for "The Midsummer Night's Dream" was thoroughly deserved. Mr. G. F. Hill sang Sargeant's setting of "Blow, blow, thou Winter Wind" for which he was encored and the Cathedral Choir sang two part songs "To June" and "Hail, Smiling Morn." At the close they assisted Lady Maud in the Chorus of Elgar's inimitable "Land of Hope and Glory," but, it must be confessed, hardly rose to the occasion, unless it be that one was fain to compare them with the Choir, which first gave the song to the world. At the close Lady Maud and Miss Procter sang Sir Michael Costa's arrangement of the National Anthem with the help of the Choir and Governor's Band which played three pieces during the evening.

A HABEAS CORPUS CASE.

The following letter dated 4th instant, has been addressed to the Editor and others of the "Bombay Gazette":—

Gentlemen,—My attention has been drawn to a report of the proceedings headed "A Habeas Corpus Case," appearing in your issue of this day. The said report is not an accurate report. At the foot of the said report appears my Attorney's letter to the Editor, bringing certain facts to his notice and making a request to him contained in the said letter.

I fail to understand why the said letter has been published at the foot of the said report. The inaccuracy in the report, and this extraordinary and uncalled for publication of my Attorney's letter at the foot of the said report, lead me to believe that the same was not published in good faith. I shall be glad to hear from you on the subject before I place the matter in the hands of my Solicitors.—Yours truly.

SYED SIRDAR ALI KHAN.

THE "EMANCIPATION OF WOMEN."

Mr. Mody's Jubilee Lecture.

In connection with the celebration of the Jubilee of the "Stree Bodke," Shums-ul-Ulama Jivanji Jamsetji Mody, the Secretary of the Parsi Punchayet Trust Funds delivered an interesting lecture on the "Emancipation of Women," at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall last evening. The following is a summary of the chief points of the lecture:—

The lecturer began by asking the question "what is civilization?," and replying in the words of Emerson that it is the "influence of good women," he said he did not use the word "Emancipation" in the sense in which it is now sought to be used by the Suffragists and their advocates, but in the sense of attempts to free women from some unjust restrictions which were placed in their way by later ages and from which they were free in older times. The "Stree Bodhe" to celebrate whose Jubilee they had met, had played an important part in the attempts to restore to the women of India the position which was their own in the days of the ancient Aryan civilization. So the lecturer treated his subject from a historical point of view. "Whatever may have been the position of men and women in the very early primitive state of mankind, in the very first stage of Evolution it appears that Nature had intended them to be the complement of one another, and so their position in society seems to be equal. In the great arena of Nature, we find everywhere the principle of the 'Division of Labour.' So in spite of exceptional cases, men and women have their own fields of labour. If in modern times woman begins to encroach upon the fields of labour of man, the fault is not entirely her own. Man is equally to blame. Addison, in one of his papers, imagines two states, one a "Commonwealth of Amazons" and another a "Republic of Males," and gives us an unpleasant picture of what Man and Woman would be were they to live separate. It is their permanent union that elevates the highest traits of their character and softens their defects. It is women who polish and refine men, and it is men who give charm to womankind, that produces an air in their faces, a grace in their motions, a softness in their voices, and a delicacy in their complexions. It is their joint influences that have given birth to and developed some of the best arts like Architecture, Painting, Music and Poetry.

"Now, when we speak of Emancipation of Women, we mean the attempt of freeing womenkind from the restrictions placed upon their natural prerogative by latter ages. In considering these, we have not always to find fault with our forefathers. Perhaps the exigencies of times, place, and circumstances required them. But then, if the exigencies of the present times require a change and restoration, it is for the good of society that they must be early attended to. In our country, at present, the following customs come in the way of giving women their proper position in society as men's equals, and companions:—1. Infant marriage, 2. The Purdah System, 3. Prohibition of widow marriages, 4. Polygamy, 5. Want of Female Education.

Looking to the past literature of the Hindus, Parsees and Mahomedans, one finds that their very ancient literature does not enjoin all these. The ancient Aryan women were free from all these. Those who see all good in the works of their fathers, must look a little further into the works of their early forefathers. They will then find that it is modern social reformers who are more faithful to the traditions of their early Aryan homes. Glimpses into the ancient Vedic, Avestaic and Arabian literature show this. Thus the present attempts at the emancipation of women in our midst are attempts to restore the early state of the position of women in the palmy days of the ancient Aryan civilization. Take the case of our Mahomedan sister community. They are spoken of as much backward in this line of emancipation. But look to the early state of society of their Arab forefathers, as portrayed by scholars like Charles James Lyall and Nicholson. Sir C. Lyall says that "the place of woman in the society of pagan Arabia was appreciably higher than that they hold under Islam." Europe at one time passed through the stage through which India and Asia now pass. Chivalry at the end of the middle ages played a prominent part in the Emancipation of women in Europe. But that chivalry owed a good deal to the remnant of the ancient Arab civilization, with which Europe came into some contact during the Crusades and then during the Arab occupation of Spain and other adjoining countries of Europe. If the question of the emancipation of Indian women were to appeal to any one class of persons more than to any other, it must appeal to our Indian "Sirs" or "Knights." They are, so to say, the heirs of the ancient knights of the age of chivalry, of the ancient Chivaliers or Cavaliers and they have to look to the ancient Arabic poetry for some of the traits of character which they are expected to possess, Nicholson says: "The chivalry of the middle ages is perhaps ultimately traceable to heathen Arabia. "Knight-errantry, the riding forth on horseback in search of adventures, the rescue of captive maidens, the succour rendered everywhere to women in adversity all these were essentially Arabian ideas, as was the very name, chivalry, the connection of honourable conduct with the horse rider, the man of noble blood, the cavalier." We, following Europe, now talk of free schools both for males and females, and of free adventure, but it was an Arab king of Spain, Hakem II, who hundreds of years ere this, founded about 27 free schools. At the time when the rudiments of learning were confined to clergy in Christian Europe, in Arab Spain almost everywhere men and

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY HUNT.

In little short of Arctic weather the Meet of the Bombay Foxhounds was held yesterday morning at Santa Cruz. About sixty people assembled there before the dawn had properly broken. It is usually the custom to draw the Home Coverts when the Meet is near at hand, but it is not always conducive to good sport to visit a wood too frequently. Accordingly yesterday morning it was considered advisable to give the adjoining coverts a rest, and we slowly wended our way behind the Pack to the favourite abode of jackals on the far side of Sahar Hill. It was certainly convenient that we did move slowly on the way to Sahar Hill, as we had to cross the notorious melon ground, and in the very dim religious light I do not think anybody was particularly anxious to go much out of a medium trot. On getting round the base of the hill, however, the son was beginning to show his face, and the day light was amply strong enough when hounds were put into the covert. They did not remain there for very long, as the welcome notes of the Pack soon told us that a jackal had been about the neighbourhood during the night. Out came hounds at great speed into the finely banked Romanwadi Valley, and away we go in their wake, our horses jumping the high banks with splendid vigour, doubtless being excited by the exceptionally cool atmosphere. After crossing this valley, the Pack takes a turn to the left and leads us over a bad piece of melon ground, but a handy path through this dangerous area is found to be of great use to a good many of us. The Pack runs parallel with the Tulsi Main Water-Pipe in the direction of the Andheri Road, but on reaching the compounds round the cluster of houses, which are situated about midway between the village of Sahar and the Andheri Road, the jackal was probably afraid to go too near to the bricks and mortar, as he took a sharp turn to the left, and continued over a grand stretch of large paddy bunds to the Chuckla Groves. Many of these bunds took no little getting over, and most horses in order to negociate them satisfactorily took them on and off, thereby saving themselves much of the jar to the system which, on account of the hard ground, is inseparable from a flying leap. Darting across Chuckla Lane, we enjoy some delightful "lepping" over the stout cactus hedges, with which these firm grass fields are fenced, and a certain portion of the riders get well over the long circuitous stone wall which surrounds a wide area of this vicinity. On reaching Pereira's Hill many of us had to ride with a certain amount of caution, as we suddenly came upon a couple of fields which were full of the most attrocious deep holes. It seems that the native method of planting mango trees is to begin by digging a number of round holes of about 3 feet in depth and some 3 yards in circumference, each hole being not more than a couple of yards apart. If one unexpectedly comes to a field full of these veritable death traps, it is obviously advisable to take a strong pull at one's horse, as to gallop over a piece of land of this description would only be courting disaster. So far as can be ascertained, only the seeds of the mango are placed in these enormous holes, and it is therefore some years before the tree grows sufficiently to fill in the ground around it. In more cases than one, however, the curious native botanists forget altogether to plant the seeds in the holes at all, and these pits accordingly remain permanent traps to those who may not be aware of their exact position, or who do not take care to ride over such a field with due regard to the danger at their feet. However leaving these fields behind us we keep up the chase in the direction of the railway, but fortunately for us before reaching the line, the jackal takes a right-angled turn to the left and pilots us over a good tract of rice fields past Irla, which has often been this season the spot selected for the delight of extra day's hunting on Tuesdays. Skirting the well known dry tank we follow the Pack through the Parla Woods and out once more on to the melon ground, the pace of the hunt getting faster and faster. The line taken by the jackal is over good ground, however, just where the Santa Cruz flats join the melon ground, and running their quarry from scent to view, the hounds pull him over close to the old disused native dwelling, not more than a couple of hundred yards behind the kennels. He had given us somewhat of a twisting run, but a good deal of the country traversed was of the best, as there was as much jumping as the most eager sportman could desire.

Time being well in our favour we return across the melon ground to Sahar village to enable those with second horses to effect a change in their mounts. This having been accomplished with due despatch, hounds are taken to the wood which lies on the North side of the village. It was a very likely place to find another jackal, as during the whole of the first run we had not crossed the Tulsi Pipe once, the sport having been enjoyed in the country nearer home. On arriving at this covert hounds once again announce the fact that one of their lawful enemies was in the neighbourhood. He would have fared better had he chosen fresh fields and pastures new earlier in the morning. Leaving the wood, hounds get away with a chorus of melody over a familiar line of paddy fields to a very deep and wide nullah, much too big for any horse yet bred to attempt to jump. The sides of the nullah are steep and many uncomfortably sharp stones lie in its bed, but by not going at it like a bull at a gate we are able to get down and up the other side without much difficulty. This nullah is very winding in its course and some people, who were unlucky enough to take a particular line, had to get down and up this yawning dried-up water-course two or three times. Having however at last left it behind us we continue in the wake of the pack over some grass fields stoutly fenced with cactus hedges until we reach the Backwater. At first it seemed certain that the jackal had made his way across, and many of us were looking out for a suitable place to do so ourselves, but hounds turn to the right and streak away parallel with the streams. The coldness of the temperature had doubtless caused the jackal to hesitate until the sun had rendered his morning bath a little less icy. We soon arrive at some Market Gardens, which on more than one occasion this season have caused the hunt a certain amount of trouble, but there was no delay whatever yesterday. Hounds run straight through them and we are able to keep on good terms with the Pack by galloping outside on the right hand of the cultivated land. Turning to the left at the far end of the gardens, we gallop down to the Backwater to a fordable spot some 300 yards or so from the old iron bridge at Kurla. Hounds swim straight across the stream, and the sight of the Pack with only their heads showing out of the water, yet each hound baying his loudest at the same time, was indeed one which would delight a sportsman's heart. Getting over the stream we have to scramble up a very rough, stony hill on the top of which is a very thickly wooded, large enclosure. Hounds rush in out of sight and for a considerable time give their quarry a smart dusting, running round and round the enclosure. More than once the jackal attempts to cross the Kurla Vehar Road on the far side of the enclosure, but the traffic on the road together with a large portion of the field, who had galloped round the hill, effectually prevented his doing so for a long time. Eventually, however, he finds a way across and rushes away over the rice, fields on the other side of the road. It looks as if we were in for a further gallop into the Horse Shoe Valley, but a number of native cultivators in the fields, for some quite unaccountable reason, proceeded to give forth some piercing shouts when the jackal got anywhere near them. The result was only what under the circumstances was to be expected. The jackal turns round and boldly endeavours to return to the aforesaid enclosure, but before he could reach it the hounds affected his departure to an enclosure of a very different nature. Another brace is accordingly added to the fine work which this season's Pack has performed, and we return to the hospitality beneath the trees at the Jackal Club, more than pleased with the morning's sport.

The next Meet will at Parla on the 9th instant and those gentlemen who may happen to have any, horses with kicking propensities will do well to give everybody else a wide berth when moving away along the very narrow lane from the Meet to the Covert side.

JACKAL.

HER MAJESTY the ex-Empress Eugenie is now at Sandy, where the King's Pavilion has been placed at her disposal.

CRICKET.

The Navy vs. the Turf.

Yesterday on the Oval, teams representing the Navy and the Turf met in a very interesting and exciting match. The arrangements were all that could be desired, a lady very kindly providing tea, and an enjoyable afternoon's sport was gone through. Winning the toss, the Navy went in shortly after 2-30 in the heat of the day on a wicket that wore badly and made a poor start. Murray stayed for a time but four were out for 21 when Wright and Smythers came together. The former hit out in excellent style, hitting one out of the ground, whereas the latter played carefully to keep his end up. The partnership realised 45 and, Rische staying for a time, the innings closed for 118. A sporting act on the part of the Turf was to recall Knowles whom they considered to have been wrongly given out caught at the wicket.

At 4-30 the Turf opened their innings with Bradshaw and Jackson. The former soon left after being twice let off but the latter once more gave a sound, though slow, exhibition and only left at the eighth wicket, being, as on a former occasion, run out. Edmonds brought off an excellent catch on the boundary which dismissed Fischer. Lalla's innings was a most lively one and it almost seemed the Turf would win but five wickets falling for 65, Forster was the only one to stay. Stumps were to have been drawn at 6-15 but Edmonds commencing an over as the Clock Tower struck the quarter and being allowed to complete his over, took Sawries with the fifth ball and the match was won by 29 runs.

THE NAVY.

Lt Murray, c Falconer, b Brown	12
Com dr Clifton Brown, c and b Brown	2
Mr Mainprice, c Sawries, b Falconer	8
Sub-Lieut Wright, c Brown, b Lalla	38
Dr Com Goldsmith, b Falconer	0
Lieut Smythers, c Tyler, b Falconer	20
En-Lieut Rische, b Fischer	10
St-Lieut Knowles, c and b Barrett	6
Mr Edmonds, b Falconer	0
Mr Sharrod, not out	5
Lieut Farmer, b Bradshaw	1
Extras	21
Total	118

THE TURF.

E Brown, c Sharrod, b Smythers	5
Bradshaw, b Murray	2
Fischer, c Edmund b Murray	5
Jackson, run out	21
Lalla, b Rische	24
Barrett, b Edmonds	1
A Brown, b Rische	0
Falconer, b Rische	4
Forster, not out	10
Tyler, c Wright b Edmonds	0
Sawries b Edmonds	0
Extras	17
Total	89

BOWLING ANALYSES.

THE NAVY.

	w.	r.
Falconer	4	16
E. Brown	2	38
Lalla	1	19
Fischer	1	9
Sawries	0	9
Barrett	1	2
Bradshaw	1	4

THE TURF.

	w.	r.
Smythers	1	22
Murray	2	9
Wright	0	14
Edmonds	4	20
Rische	3	20

BOMBAY RACES.

9th Extra Meeting.

Saturday, February 8.

HORSES LEFT IN

after declaration of forfeit at 6 p. m. on Thursday, 6th February, 1908.

THE VISITORS' PLATE.—7 furlongs.

Botha, Harpest, Forfeit, Prince Lyon, Pelargonium II, Love Song and Lady Metal.

Top weight not having accepted weights are raised 5 lbs.

THE SCURRY PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Posco, Epitome, Winsome, Prince Lyon, Love Song Dormant, Zotique, Ianthe and Vocalist.

THE MAIDEN ARAB PONY PLATE—5 furlongs.

Little John, Salbook, Bourbon, Norwood, Crown Prince, Saree, Silver Stream, Rosebud, Faree, Madrid, Muddaries, Lisbon, Baroda, Ariff, Elector, Barrister, Mirdas, Malik Jaman and Patna.

THE LITTLE ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Sabig, Mudlool, Ragub, Rufus, Basheer, Rajput, Sib, Caravan, Jalmood, Amood, Sir Jamal, Gaucho and Rome Alli.

THE SELLING PLATE.—1/2 Mile.

Frolic, Voucher, Veto, Sir Peter, Lenzo, Bom, Barki, Woolwinder, Porter, Orby, Transfer, Parthiv, Pasha, Thamir, Arab Prince, Sanam, Hatiff, Naief and Hooded Falcon.

Owing to the number of horses left in the Arab Consolation Plate, 1 mile, the race is divided, the top weight in the 2nd Division being raised to 9st. and the others in proportion:—

DIVISION.

FIRST ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE.—Nooman 9st 12lbs, Peculiar 8st 11lbs, Dumra 8st 6lbs, Hadee 8st 4lbs, Dhamas 8st 3lbs, Melbourne 8st 1lb, Makhjoon 7st 13lbs, Recruit 7st 11lbs, Albert Victor 7st 8lbs, Moscow 7st 6lbs, Hazza 7st 3lbs.

SECOND ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE.—Dhafer 9st, Moonim 8st 9lbs, Joker 8st 7lbs, Court-Martial 8st 6lbs, The Barb 8st 5lbs, Talal 8st 4lbs, Rashad 8st 4lbs, Swordsman 8st 3lbs, Sir Jamal 8st 1lb, Sagger 7st 12lbs, Salaam 7st 10lbs.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Bombay, 6 February, 1908.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday give the following results :—

Wards	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	2	1	8
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	3	3	19
C Market, Dhobi Talao Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	1	0	26
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	1	0	10
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	2	27
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	13
G Mahim and Worli	2	1	8
Water Division	0	0	9
Non-Resident and Unknown	1	0	1
Hospitals	0	1	3
Total*	13	8	114
Total plague deaths to date	141,760		
Same date last year	11	11	128

* Includes one imported case from Gharapuri.

SMALL-POX.

Attacks.	Death
11	3

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

The following table shows the results of the rat campaign :—

FEBRUARY, 6th 1908.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead.	Found Infected.
A	90	36	7
B	98	102	14
C	109	164	23
D	46	33	1
E	62	87	13
F & G	58	5	0
Total to date	463	427	57
Total rats killed			950

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

FOR Health, Beauty and Luxury, use the 'ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP", which Lady Constance Howard writes,—"Is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy, Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap" see that the Name and Figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, FEBRUARY 2.

Widespread rain has again fallen in the area extending from the south of Bihar to the south-east of the United Provinces to the north of Hyderabad. The skies are heavily clouded on this area and on the Northern half of the East Coast, while light falls of rain are also reported from Bellary and Cochin.

The disturbance in Kashmir, which had given a heavy fall of snow at Minimarg, seems passing Eastward.

In Burma, the skies are clear or lightly clouded the air contains the average quantity of moisture and the temperature is normal or in excess.

In the north-east of India and Orissa, nearly general rain has fallen in Chota Nagpur and South Behar. Hazaribagh records 1 1/2 inches, Garga and the Ranchi 1/2 inch. The skies are heavily overcast in the Province of Bengal and moderately clouded in Eastern Bengal and Assam. Humidity is in excess in Chota Nagpur and Behar and nearly normal elsewhere while the temperature is normal except in Chota Nagpur where it has fallen and is in defect.

In the United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces, nearly general rain is reported from East Central Provinces and a light fall from Benares. The most important amounts are 1 1/2 inches at Raipur and Pendra, 1 at Chand and 1/4 at Seoni and Nagpur. The skies are clear and the air drier than usual in the western half of the Division while the skies are moderately to thickly clouded and the air is damper than usual in the Eastern Division while the temperature is normal or in defect.

In the North-West of India, Minimarg reports a fall of snow equivalent to one and half inches of of rain. The skies are clear except in the hill Districts of Upper India. Humidity is below the average in Gujarat and South-West of the Punjab and normal or in excess elsewhere where the temperature is normal in the western District and continues lower than usual in the the west of the Divison.

In the Peninsula, Nizambad had 3/4 inch of rain and Bellary and Cochin light falls. The skies are clear in the North-West, but elsewhere cloud has increased and on the North of Madras Coast the skies are heavily overcast the air is damper than usual in Mysore and the adjacent districts to the North and drier than usual in the north of Bombay and the Deccan, while the temperature is normal except for defect at a few stations in the North-West.

Forecast—Rain is probable in parts of the north-east of India and of the North-east of the Peninsula and light precipitation is possible in the hills of Upper India.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that the vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 6th February 1908 was 30·0667 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 4 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder was 5 feet at 8 a. m. (local time.) The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of attached thermometer 80° F will be 14 inches, and this will be higher and lower by .01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid, above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by .01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 6TH FEBRUARY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Expect improvement in crops owing to seasonable weather. Crop prospects improving.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. More rain wanted generally. Crop prospects generally good.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Agra.—Cloudy, but no rain. All crops doing well.

Cawnpore.—Seasonable. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Looks like clearing up.

Amraoti.—Cloudy, but no rain. Kharif harvest in progress.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Jalgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Broach.—Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton healthy. Cotton picking general and arriving in small quantities.

Viramgam.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants showing bolls.

Wadhwan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Cotton picking of first sowing partially begun and ready for picking in some places.

Dholera.—Bright, no sign of rain. Unusually cool. Cotton plants showing bolls.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Barsi.—Tuesday evening cloudy and slightly drizzly. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Hubli.—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Crop prospects generally good.

Bellary.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking partially begun.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 6TH FEBRUARY, 1908.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 6th February 1908, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

Punjab.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded at Delhi, Lahore and Umbala. The air has been much drier than usual at Delhi and Sirsa and slightly damper at Lahore. Winds are north-westerly or south westerly at Delhi, Ambala and Sirsa and calms are registered at the remaining stations. Both maximum and minimum have been slightly or moderately in defect of normal generally.

United Provinces.—Light showers are reported from Allahabad. Skies are clear in all places except at Allahabad. Winds are south-westerly to north-westerly at Agra, Mainpuri and Cawnpore and calm is reported from Allahabad. The moisture in the atmosphere is in large excess of normal at Allahabad and in moderate to considerable defect in other places. Both the day and night temperatures have been in slight to moderate defect of normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are free from cloud and the air is slightly damper than usual at Kotah and Karachi and moderately drier at Jacobabad, Ajmere and Jaipur. Northerly or north-easterly breezes prevail in Sind, while calms are recorded in Rajputana. Temperature both maximum and minimum varies but slightly from normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are altogether free from cloud and the moisture in the air is much less than usual at most places. Calms and variable breezes prevail generally. The weather both during the day and night has been slightly warmer than usual at Veraval and more or less cooler elsewhere.

Central Provinces.—Raipur reports more than one inch and a quarter of rain and Chanda, Jubbulpore and Nagpur light to moderate showers. Skies are densely clouded at Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Raipur and moderately at Chanda and are almost clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is considerably in excess of normal at Jubbulpore, Amroati, Nagpur and Raipur and is about normal or in slightly defect in other places. Winds are variable in direction generally. Temperature both during day and night has been below the average in several places.

Konkan.—Skies are only lightly clouded at Mormugoa and Karwar. The direction of air movement is easterly or north-easterly at Bombay, Ratnagiri and Mormugao, while Karwar records calm. The maximum as well as the minimum is 3° to 7° in defect of normal generally. Humidity varies but slightly from normal.

Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nizamabad repo ts nearly three-quarters of an inch of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded at Belgaum, Nizamabad and Hyderabad and the air is slightly damper than usual at Hyderabad and slightly or moderately drier in other places. Calms and variable breezes prevail generally. Temperature both maximum and minimum has been about normal.

General Remarks.—Weather continues fine with passing clouds.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

Bombay "Government Gazette" Feb. 6.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Monsin Badrudin Tyabji, Judge and Sessions Judge, Bijapur, has been allowed an extension up to the 31st December 1908, inclusive of combined leave.

The undermentioned Magistrates of the Second Class in the district of Nasik are invested with powers under section 562 of the Criminal Procedure Code :—

Mr. Shivram Sadashiv Pitambare, Mamlatdar, taluka Dindori.

Mr. Hari Pandurang Desmukh, Mamlatdar, taluka Sinnar.

Mr. Venkatrao Vaikunth Wagh, Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge, to do duty as Joint Subordinate Judge, Bagalkot, from 1st February to 21st April inclusive.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Vyvyan MacLeod Ferrers, I.C.S., on return from leave as Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Satara.

Mr. Narsingrai Motilal, Mahalkari, taluka Gogha, and Magistrate of the Second Class in the district of Ahmedabad, to pass sentences of whipping.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Shankar Shripat Deshpande, Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for six months with effect from the 17th February or the subsequent date of relief.

Mr. D. R. Sataravala, B.A., L.C.E., to be Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade permanent, and Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary rank.

An extension of service up to 31st March 1909 is granted to Mr. Laxuman Vishnu Mehendale, Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade and Honorary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade,

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to confer the distinction of Honorary Assistant Engineer 3rd Grade, on Mr. Ganesh Sakharam Khare, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade.

An extension of service up to 31st March 1909 is granted to Mr. Panjumal Mulchund Lalvani, Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. B. K. Bose, L.C.E., to be an Apprentice Engineer, and is posted to the Central Division.

An extension of service up to the 31st March 1909 is granted to Mr. Manockji Palanji Poh, Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade, and Honorary Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. L. M. Bose, M. Inst.C.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, is granted privilege leave for 21 days, with effect from the 19th December.

Mr. Bhau Tapidas Patil, residing at Prakasha, is appointed, with effect from the 20th February 1908, to be a village Munsif under the Dakkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act 1879, for the town of Prakasha in the Shahada Taluka of the West Khandesh District vice Mr. Shridhar Anant Kagalkar, resigned.

Mr. M. R. Jardine, Barrister-at-Law, Clerk of the Crown, His Majesty's High Court, Bombay is granted furlough from the 8th day of February until the 4th day of June.

The following acting appointments are ordered:—Mr. Purshottam Anopram, acting Mamlatdar of Matar, to act as Chitnis to the Collector of Kaira until relieved by Mr. Lalbhai Ambaram. Mr. Sevaklal, Ratanlal, Aval Karkun Matar, to act as Mamlatdar of that taluka during the absence on deputation of Mr. Manishankar Manchharam Joshi vice Mr. Maganlal Bhaidas Lalaji appointed substantive pro tem. Mamlatdar.

Mr. Shaik Ibrahim Bapubhai, B. A., Mamlatdar of Igatpuri, now on privilege leave for one month from the 16th instant, to join as Mamlatdar of Patan in the Satara District after the expiration of his leave.

Mr. Bhaskar Amrit Patankar, B. A., Head Karkun (pay Rs. 60 and substantive pro tem. Rs. 80), is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Mahad in the Kolaba District during the absence on privilege leave for three months of Mr. H. K. Kulhalli, the permanent incumbent.

Furlough for three months is granted to Mr. D. B. Betigeri Mamlatdar on leave, in combination with the three months' privilege leave already granted.

Mr. H. B. Khanolkar, on relief at Chiplun by Mr. Nadgir to act as Mamlatdar of Khed in the Ratnagiri District pending further orders.

Mr. A. T. Stowell, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, Karachi, to act as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Karachi vice Captain H. F. E. Freeland, R. E.

Assistant Surgeon T. C. Khandawala in charge Scott Hospital, Palanpur, was granted eight days' privilege leave with effect from the forenoon of the 24th December.

Messrs. F. H. Warden and E. H. Green respectively delivered and received charge of the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, on the 28th January.

Messrs. G. A. Advani and D. N. Kale respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Mamlatdar of Madha on the 28th January.

Balaji Mohonraj, First Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Malvan Taluka, Ratnagiri Zilla, is granted privilege leave from 5th January to 4th April inclusive, and Laxman Vasudeo is appointed to act for him.

The leave without pay granted to Trimbak Vinayak Pund, Candidate Vaccinator, Ratnagiri Zilla, is extended to 31st January.

Krishnaji Bheemrao, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Hangal Taluka, Dharwar Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 1st to 25th December inclusive.

Ramchand Molumal, Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Karachi Zilla, was granted sick leave from 8th to 24th December inclusive.

Anat Bhicaji, Head Vaccinator, Bombay City, is granted sick leave from 3rd January to 2nd February inclusive.

Amrit Govind, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator Yaval Taluka, Khandesh Zilla, E D is transferred to Sinnar and Igatpuri Talukas, Nasik Zill, with effect from 29th December.

Ramchandra Sitaram, Third Goade Local Fund Vaccinator, Erandol and Jalgaon Talukas, Khandesh Zilla, is transferred to Mevas State with effect from 30th Nov.

Damodar Rangnath, Second Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Chalisgaon Taluka, W D Khandesh Zilla, is transferred to Jalgaon and Erandol Talukas, Khandesh Zilla, with effect from 17th December.

Tokaram Babaji, Third Grade Local Fund, Vaccinator, Mevas State, Khandesh Zilla, is transferred to Chalisgaon Taluka, W D Khandesh Zilla, with effect from 8th December.

Kanhayalal Kisan, Candidate Vaccinator, Khandesh Zilla, E D was appointed acting Third Grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Jalgaon and Erandol Talukas, Khandesh Zilla, from 22nd November to 16th December inclusive.

DEPARTURE OF THE TRANSPORT "ASSAYE."

The hired Transport "Assaye," under the Command of Captain F. H. Seymour, will sail to-day for Southampton with details consisting of 62 officers, 20 ladies, and 24 children, 14 warrant officers, 16 women, 33 children, 1,349 non-commissioned officers and men, 42 women, and 73 children.

The following are the names of the officers :—

Lieut Col G C Dowell, R G A
Lieut Col W Rowney, R A M C
Lieut Col and Mrs H T Buether R G A
Lieut Col and Mrs F R Thackeray and daughter, R G A
Major, and Mrs E K Rnapp, M R G A
ajor A P Bannerman, 3rd M Lancers
Capt L A Smith, R H A
Capt T M Luke, 98 M Battery
Capt H G DeBerry H L I
Capt F J Langdon, 1st King's Regt
Capt G C Hodgson, 32 S Pioneers
Capt, and Mrs P L Grove and 2 children, Cheshire
Capt S G W Hume, S S O
Capt, and Mrs L H Baldwin and child, 1/8 Gurkhas
Capt L B Holbrooke, 124 Baluchis
Capt F D Russell, 1st Lancers
Capt S G R Willis, R F A
Capt, and Mrs A McMunn and daughter, R A M C
Capt H R Pratt, 36th Sikhs
Capt L Cotterill, R A M C
Capt, and Mrs B Gourlaud and 2 children, 7th Lancers
Capt C A S Ellis, 121st Pioneers
Capt A N Beauclerk, N Stafford
Capt, and Mrs H F Jervis and infant R M Fus
Capt H T Rogers, M A Dept
Capt C O Jubb, W Riding Regt
Capt H L Dyce, H Horse
Capt A S Hay, S S O
Lieut, and Mrs T G A Oddington and 4 children, B H A
Lieut J H S Batten, King's Regt
Lieut R Lascelles, R H A
Lieut F Carey, 36 M Battery
Lieut O W Nixon, B H A
Lieut, and Mrs J Moran and infant 1 Rajputs
Lieut G S Douglas, 18th Infty
Lieut J Botebart, R F A
Lieut, and Mrs O Crookshank and infant 34 pioneers
Lieut R J Heale, 1 Army
Lieut R S Rothwell, R G A
Lieut A H Stuart Menteth, 24 Punjabis
Lieut W Chambers R A
Lieut R C S Pollock 57 Sikhs
Lieut K E Milford, R F A
Lieut B H Williams, 10 Hussars
Lieut C W Olpps, R F A
Lieut G H King, R F A
Lieut W Shaw, M S Corps
Lieut S H Norris, Kings Regt
Lieut H Llepman, 13 Rajputs
Lieut E J Bridges, 14th Hussars
Lieut B Fullarton, Cameronians
Lieut R Woodward, 130 Baluchis
Lieut K Robertson, 2nd Lancers
Lieut S R Wybrants, 13 Hussars
Lieut R F Forbes, H L I
Lieut K R McCloughrie, R G A
Lieut H E Peake, R A
Lieut W B Fuller, Queens Regt
Lieut W B Merthey, 7 G Rifles
Lieut C B Good, 129 Pioneers
Lieut H M Wightwick, 21 Punjabis
2ndLie J L Jack, Cameronians
Wife of apt R F Delaferce, 2 Children R A
Wife of apt N W Fox and 2nd children R Irish
Widow of Major Brandreth and 2nd children R Dept
Sister of Lt C Hodgson, S Staffs
Widow of Capt Down, and child I Army
Widow of Major D Simpson and 3 children I M S
Wife of Lt M McWalliam, I M S
Wife of Lt P Ashfield, 107 Pioneers
Wife of Lt S G T Ellis, 94 Inft,

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS. Sure Relief. The weak and enervated suffer severely from nervous affections when storms or electric disturbances agitate the atmosphere Neuralgia, gouty pangs and flying pains, very distressing to a delicate system, may be readily moved by rubbing this Ointment on the affected part after it has been fomented with warm water. The Pills, taken occasionally in the doses prescribed by the instructions, keep the digestion in order, excite a free flow of healthy bile, and regenerate the impoverished blood with richer materials, resulting from thoroughly assimilated food, wanting which, the strongest must inevitably s on sink into feebleness, and the delicate find it difficult to maintain existence. Holloway's Ointment and Pills are infallible remedies.

BY THE WAY.

GLASTONBURY ABBEY.

The existing ruins of Glastonbury Abbey, which has now been finally acquired for the Established Church, are not extensive, the downfall of the derelict edifice having been hastened by our inquisitive ancestors. Edward III., in 1345, granted John Blome, of London, licence to seach for the body of the "noble Decurion," Joseph of Arimathea, "hoping that more abundant grace would redound to the Realm." John Blome found nothing, but fatally undermined the foundations. Formerly, Glastonbury possessed, besides the storied thorn, a sacred walnut-tree, that used to burst into leaf on the Feast of St. Barnabas. The original thorn was burned at the Reformation, and the walnut-tree cut down by the Puritans during the Civil war.

WOMEN AND THE LEGION OF HONOUR.

Madame Marcelle Tynayre's disdainful attitude towards the decoration offered her by M. Briand may remind us that the Legion of Honour has occasionally been bestowed upon women almost from the first institution of the Order. Napoleon himself conferred it, exactly a hundred years ago, upon Marie Schelling, a cantiniere of Belgian nationality, who had been wounded at Austerlitz and Jena. Together with the ribbon she received a pension of 700fr. "Receive from my hands, madame," said the Emperor, "the star of the brave, which you have so nobly earned."

BIRDS IN LONDON.

London has many other strange bird inhabitants besides the barn or "screech" owl, whose presence in the neighbourhood of Kensington Gardens has been observed on several occasions during the past few years. The unmistakable call of the heron has been heard several times by dwellers in or near the Cromwell-road, and it has been suggested that these birds pay occasional visits to the Serpentine from Richmond Park, where the nearest heronry to London is situated. It is supposed by many that swifts, swallows, house-martins, and sand-martins are never seen in the heart of London; but all four were observed at different times skimming above the waters of the Round Pond during the summer of 1907. The visit of a wheatear to Lord's cricket-ground was also recorded last summer.

WHISKY STATISTICS.

Mr. Benjamin Taylor, in the "World's Work," notes that the latest annual report of the Inland Revenue Commissioner shows that the total number of distilleries at work in the United Kingdom in the year ended March 31, 1907, was 186, and that Scotland's proportion was 150, three fewer than in the previous year. These 150 distilleries in all produced among them 24, 839, 870 proof gallons of whisky, or 1,027,031 gallons more than in the previous year. A comparison of the yearly output for Scotland since 1894-95 shows that up to 1898-99 there was a steady increase (23,235,968 gallons to 35,769,114) while, with slight fluctuations, it decreased by 3,000,000 to 1,000,000 gallons in each succeeding year to 1905.

MORE FIGURES.

The production of home-made spirits in 1906-07 for the whole of the United Kingdom was 50,317,908 proof gallons, Ireland alone reducing its output. Scotland made over 1,000,000 gallons, and England nearly 900,000 gallons more. In Scotland, in the year after the collapse of the Pattison "boom," the production was reduced by nearly 4,000,000 gallons, and since then there has only been one year in which there was an increase in the output as compared with the previous year. From the highest point touched in the output, 35,769,114 gallons in 1898-99, it came down in 1906 nearly 12,000,000 gallons and back to the 1895 level.

THE LAW AND HOSPITALITY.

It has often been said that Christianity is part of the common Law, and if a recent decision of the Illinois Courts is correct, the claim, the "Law Journal" points out seems justified, and a man may be mulcted in damages for not playing the part of the good Samaritan. In the case in question, a cattle-dealer in the course of his business had visited a farmer, and while there was seized with a fainting-fit. Before the attack came on the dealer had asked the farmer for a lodging, and had been refused, and after recovering somewhat from his indisposition he renewed his request, but was again refused. Accordingly, with the assistance of the farmer's son, he got into his sleigh and started homewards. The following morning he was found by a passing farmer nearly frozen to death some distance from his home.

A GOOD CAUSE OF ACTION.

Subsequently the man brought an action against the farmer, claiming damages, on the ground that his injuries were occasioned by the farmer's negligence and wrongful conduct in refusing him a lodging in his state of health, to which claim the former pleaded that he owed the dealer no duty to entertain him on the night in question, and was therefore guilty of no negligence in sending him home as he had done. This was the issue and on it the Court found that there was a good cause of action, and awarded the plaintiff damages, acting on the comprehensive principle that whenever a person is placed in such a position with regard to another that it is obvious that if he does not use due care in his own conduct he will cause injury to that person, the duty at once arises to exercise care commensurate with the situation in which he thus finds himself.

FRITH'S "RAILWAY STATION."

It may not be generally known that Frith's "Railway Station" is in the gallery of the Royal Holloway College, having been bought for a very large figure by the late Mr. Holloway, the pill manufacturer. It was only in 1881, two years before his death, that Mr. Thomas Holloway formed the idea of making a collection of modern pictures. He communicated his new aspiration to his brother-in-law, Sir George Martin-Holloway, and entrusted him with the selection and purchase of pictures. In the short space of two years he bought seventy-seven pictures As the gift of pictures was an afterthought, the gallery in which they are hung was designed for a recreation-room, but it has lately been beautifully renovated and vastly improved, and well repays a special pilgrimage to

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

A WARNING.

Let me earnestly advice intending visitors to His Majesty's Theatre to be in their seat in good time for the opening of The "Mystery of Edwin Drood." Let me also advise to train their eyes for the darkness of the first scene by keeping them tightly shut during the overture writes a correspondent. I was half a minute late for the performances, and as I arrived on the ground floor of the auditorium in search of my stall, the theatre, stage and all, was suddenly switched into a darkness similar in its intensity to that which caused a sense of insufferable gloom to pervade the soul of Edgar Allan Poe's prisoner in "The Bit and the Pendulum." Fearing to feel my way with my hands, lest I might be accused of attempting to pick pockets, I stood still in the terrifying blackness, and waited. An invisible attendant, who seemed, by her voice, to be floating about my head like a tambourine at Maskelyne and Devant's, informed me that I would find my seat "just over there." I'm glad I did not move forward in quest of "just over there," for when my eyes had in some degree become accustomed to the darkness I discovered that I had somehow got turned round, and was staring at the wall-paper.

THE OPIUM SENSATION.

I have never had any use for opium, either as a food or a narcotic. But I know what it is to feel as that opium-glutton, Thomas de Quincey, felt after one of his 320 grain courses, and without having taken anything more excitable than a cup of cocoa. I had my opium sensation while Mr. Tree, as John Jasper, was having his in Princess Puffer's "Opium Den in the East End of London"; and for my experience of it I blame no one but myself. I had come fresh from the electric glare of the Piccadilly Tube; I ought to have done what the management advised in the advertisements, and taken my seat well before curtain-rise. I might then have seen as well as heard Mr. Tree in his first opium dream in "The Mystery of Edwin Drood". It was my mistake and my loss.

THE DROOD CASE.

Was Edwin Drood murdered? Or did he, after "the night of the party" at John Jasper's rooms, hide in a dressing-room at His Majesty's while his quarrelsome young friend, Neville Landless, and his wicked uncle, Jasper, were being inturn threatened with the gallows? If Edwin really did as Mr Comyns Carr makes him do, he acted with a shocking disregard for the lives of Jasper and Landless, and deserved the hand in marriage of someone much less charming than the Rosa Bud of Miss Adrienne Augarde. He ought to have been made to marry the Bogy Woman who kept the opium den. If, on the other hand—but why marry? It is not as if title and estates were involved in the matter. Edwin Drood had no sidewhiskers, and his friend Neville was Landless. Enough that the play as it stands—or as it runs, and is likely to run for some time—is an uncommonly interesting one, and that the central figure of the story, John Jasper, the opium-smoking precentor of Cloisterham Cathedral, affords Mr. Tree an opportunity of putting the entire stock of his splendid dramatic talents in the window.

MR. CARR'S DIFFICULTY.

Writing a play from a novel is like writing a menu for a dinner. You can't have everything and you can't please everybody. One of Mr. Comyns Carr's critics thinks that he certainly ought to have introduced the white-haired stranger, Dick Datchery, into the Drood mystery—which, by the way, is no mystery at all as presented at His Majesty's. Another critic is of opinion—I need not say who the critic is—that we got quite enough of the amateur detective business from Mr. Grewgious, from "the Deputy," and from Princess Puffer. The long arm of coincidence ought to feel itself sufficiently recognised when these three persons take it into their separate heads, at one and the same time, to track Jasper to the crypt. A fourth Sherlock Holmes might have proved the last straw. A chorus of amateur detectives would only have been justified if Mr. Carr had turned Dickens's novel into a musical comedy. Besides, if the mysterious Mr. Datchery, twin brother to the mysterious Mr. Nadget of "Martin Chuzzlewit," had been dragged into the business, he might have upset the solution of the mystery as offered by Mr. Comyns Carr. Mr. Carr showed wisdom in giving him a wide berth.

LITTLE MARIE GEORGE.

Miss Marie George is probably the most realistic girl babe that ever appeared in a pantomime version of "The Babes in the Wood." So truthfully can she imitate an infant's voice and manner, and so child-like is the figure she cuts in the little blue "party" frock and her shoes and socks, that many country visitors to Drury Lane—people whose theatrical dissipations are limited to one pantomime, one musical comedy, and one melodrama a year—have taken her for an infant phenomenon. "Dear little mite!—don't she dance lovely!"—"Bravo, youngster!"—"There's no flies on the kiddie!" These and similar exclamations—similar, that is, in their significance—are nightly uttered at Drury Lane in reference to Miss Marie George's Babe. Boxes of sweets have been sent to her, addressed to "Little Miss Marie George"; and one famous old lady from Shropshire left a big doll for her at the stage door one day, a gift which in acknowledging, Miss George (Mrs. Norman J. Norman) must have astonished the donor somewhat by telling her that she had passed on her pretty present to one of her children.

A PLUCKY GIRL.

The "principal girl" at Drury Lane, who lives in a pretty house at Hampstead, was born in New York of German parents, both of whom died within a few days of each other when she was a mere girl. Friendless and penniless, but having no appetite for the bread of charity, Miss Marie George sought an engagement at the New York Casino Theatre, and found one for the first time of asking. She was taken into the chorus of Mr. George Dance's musical comedy "The Lady Slavey"—that is to say, she was intended for the chorus; but upon one of the ladies with a small part falling ill, Miss George was selected to take her place, an honour by which the little novice was so overcome that she could not remember her words on the first night, and acted her part in dumb show. Thus, though by accident, began her connection with pantomime.

ELLEN TERNY AS OLIVIA.

The first night of "Olivia" at the Lyceum was about the only "comfortable" first night that I have ever had, writes Miss Ellen Terny in "M. A. P." I was familiar with the part, and two of the cast, Terriss and Norman Forbes, were the same as at the Court, which made me feel all the more at home. Henry left a great deal of the stage management to us, for he knew that he could not improve on Mr. Hare's production. Only he insisted on altering the last act and made a bad matter worse. The division into two scenes wasted time, and nothing was gained by it. "Never" obstinate, Henry saw his mistake and restored the original end after a time. It was weak and unsatisfactory, but not pretentious and bad like the last act he presented at the first performance.

We took the play too slowly at the Lyceum. That was often a fault there. Because Henry was slow, he often took their time from him, and the result was bad.

The lovely scene of the vicarage parlour in which we used a harpsichord, and were accused of pedantry for our pains, did not look so well at the Lyceum as at the Court. The stage was too big for it.

The critics said that I played Olivia better at the Lyceum, but I did not feel this myself.

WHAT THE BLIND MAN AND THE CHILD DID.

At first Henry did not rehearse the Vicar at all well. One day when he was stamping his foot very much as if he were Mathias in "The Bells," my little Edy, who was a terrible child "and" a wonderful critic, said:

"Don't go on like that, Henry. Why don't you talk as you do to me and Teddy? At home you "are" the Vicar."

The child's frankness did not offend Henry because it was illuminating. A blind man had changed his Shylock; a little child changed his Vicar. When the first night came he gave a simple lovable performance. Many people now understood and liked him as they had never done before. One of the things I most admired in it was his sense of the period.

In this, as in other plays, he used to make his entrance in the "skin" of the part. No need for him to rattle a ladder at the side to get up excitement and illusion as another actor is said to have done. He walked on, and was the simple-minded old clergyman, just as he had walked on a prince in Hamlet, and a king in Charles I.

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ICILMA FLUOR CREAM, snowy and sweetly perfumed, contains no oil, fat or grease, is the only cream that really gives tone to the skin. Can not grow hair. Requires no powder to hide it. Use Icilma Fluor Cream daily and watch your skin grow clearer.

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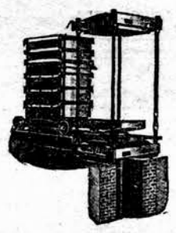

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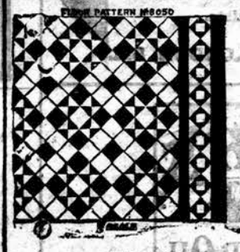

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